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VOL. XXV NO. 118 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Lathi Charge On Student Demonstrators

Blow To Rights Of Legislators

TANDON TEARS OFFICIAL APOLOGIA TO TATTERS

Unconstitutional For Governor To Stand Between Ministry And Legislature

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

Replying to the letter of the Private Secretary to Governor of the United Provinces, Mr. Tandon says:

"I have very carefully gone into the reasons which are influencing His Excellency in not summoning the first session of the legislature at an early date. But after having given to his Excellency's opinion all the weight that it is entitled to, I feel constrained to say that the reasons advanced in support of the opinion are unconvincing.

It is a dangerous doctrine, that because the Party which commands the majority in the legislature has refused for some reasons to accept office, those who are in the minority may be invited to form a Ministry, and that to accommodate them and give them a chance, the legislature may not be summoned for some time.

This is the doctrine which His Excellency is acting upon, and which he desires that others should accept. I submit that this is against the fundamental principle of democracy. His Excellency's refusal to summon the legislature trenches upon the right of members of the Assembly to meet and transact official business.

WHY PENALISE ASSEMBLY?

The meeting at which I presided consisted not only of the Party which is in a majority, but also of others who are in the minority. Obviously these latter have had no hand in the refusal to form a Ministry, but they also have, and rightly claim, the right to meet in the legislature as representatives of the people. It is derogatory to the principle of representative government that the Assembly should be punished by not being summoned to meet owing to the refusal of the majority Party to form a Ministry.

It is true, as His Excellency says, that when those who command the majority refuse to form a Ministry the Constitution is threatened, but the alternative which His Excellency has adopted actually injures not only the institution but the fundamental principle of democracy. The Constitution nowhere contemplates the method which His Excellency has adopted. There are definite provisions in the Government of India Act—obnoxious though they be from the people's point of view—which lay down the line to be pursued in the case of a failure of the constitutional machinery.

HARDLY COMPLIMENTARY

His Excellency's view that "it is only fair to the members of the legislature that they should not reach a decision on the grave Constitutional questions that have arisen, until they have had ample time to consider them from all aspects and without haste" is hardly complimentary to the sense of responsibility which the members of the legislature are supposed to possess. This view really treats them as children or imbeciles who must be prevented from exercising their volition, because they might injure themselves. I submit that this background of His Excellency's action is entirely out of keeping with the principle of democratic Government.

His Excellency has ample powers to place his views before the legislature. He may summon the Assembly and place before it the considerations which have been advanced in your letter. He may ask the Assembly not to come to any decision on the issues which according to His Excellency are still fluid. If the members of the Assembly agree with His Excellency's views, they may refrain from bringing about the deadlock which His Excellency desires to avoid. But if they do not agree with his view-point, His Excellency then, has to proceed constitutionally and take such measures as the Act provides for.

"I save you from yourself" attitude is neither constitutional nor consistent with the dignity of members of the legislature.

I therefore request that the first session of the Assembly should not be delayed any further and that His Excellency should no more stand between the present Ministry which he has called into existence and legislature, and that he should respect the wishes of the representatives of the people so clearly expressed in the resolutions of the meeting over which I had the privilege to preside."—A.P.

INDIAN SHIPPING RIGHTS

Simla Still Wobbling Over Protective Legislation

SIMLA, May 19.

It is understood that Mr. Vonezawa, Consul-General for Japan who arrived in Simla yesterday, took the earliest opportunity to place before the Government of India the views of His Government on coastal shipping rights in India.

No information is available from official sources as to the definite views held by the Japanese Government, but it is believed that they are not inclined to admit that their present attitude is inflicting any hardship on Indian shipping.

Whether it will be necessary for the Government of India to have recourse to protective legislation will depend flirstly on whether the Japanese Government adheres to the interpretation of their present policy namely that it is doing no harm to Indian shipping, and secondly whether they will ultimately refuse to come into line with the policy of the Government of India.—A. P.

PROMINENT U. P. MUSLIMS

It is reliably understood that Maulana Husain Ahmad of Deoband is about to send his resignation from the U. P. Muslim League Parliamentary Board on account of recent change in its attitude and policy. The other resignations to follow are Maulana Masood Ali Nadvi, Abdul Majid Khwaja and possibly of Maulana Mohammad-ul Farooqi.

De Valera Speaks Out

No Real Co-operation Is Possible With Imperial Conference

DUBLIN, May 19.

Mr. De Valera in the Dail defended the abstention of the Free State from the Imperial Conference.

He said that "we don't want to be put into same position as at Ottawa in 1932 when the British Ministers attempted to regard us as people who would not keep our word. Whilst the delegation was on route to Ottawa, the British Government imposed levies on Irish agricultural exports. The delegation would have left Ottawa immediately, except that they were guests of the Canadian Government.

The Imperial Conference was dealing with matters which interested the Free State, but there were matters of much closer concern at home. Until these fundamental issues were solved, no real co-operation could be secured, because the position of the Free State would be misunderstood.—Reuter.

EDEN'S SURVEY OF PROBLEMS

LONDON, May 19.

The first business meeting of the principal delegates of the Imperial Conference this afternoon lasted an hour and three-quarters.

After appointing a Committee on constitutional questions the meeting heard Mr. Eden give a broad survey of foreign affairs in a historical background from the Treaty of Versailles. The address mainly dealt with the European problem and was given as objectively as possible.

Mr. Baldwin supplemented the address with a few remarks. It is understood that interventions by dominion statesmen were few, as they wanted time to consider the implications of the address. The meeting adjourned until Friday when Mr. Eden if necessary will clear up outstanding points.—Reuter.

WINDSOR-WARFIELD MARRIAGE

Contract Gives Property Rights For Both

TOURS, May 19.

The Windsor-Warfield marriage contract has been signed under the 'Separation De Biens" clause of the French law, which specifies that each partner retains control of his and her own property. Mr. Herman Rogers announces that the Duke of Windsor and Mrs. Warfield will leave the Chateau de Cande immediately after the wedding on June 3, but he is unable to say where the couple will go.—Reuter.

ATTACK ON NAZI METHODS

CHICAGO, May 19.

A bitter attack on the German Government's attitude to the Catholic Church was made by Cardinal Mundelein, Archbishop of Chicago, addressing priests in his diocese. He said that every second person in Germany is a Government spy and a father cannot any longer discipline his boy for fear of the latter will inform on him, while tenderly nurtured girls are torn from their mothers and sent to labour camps with slatterns.

The German Government is circulating stories of wholesale immorality in religious institutions in comparison with which wartime propaganda is almost like bedtime stories for school children. It is not only unwise but cowardly, if we take this sort of thing lying down and do not kick back. The Cardinal asked how a nation of 66 millions could submit in fear and servitude to an allen Austrian paperhanger.—Reuter.

Trouble At Amritsar

PUNJAB M. L. A.'s INJURED

Sequel To Strike At Khalsa College

LAHORE, May 19.

Unexpected developmen took place in the situation of the strike resorted by the students of the Amritsar Khalsa College, as a protest against the expulsion of four students, from the college for their alleged taking active part in the Students' Union activities. This morning when a section of the students was picketing the gates of the college, the police made a lathi charge resulting in injuries to sixteen students.

TWO M.L.A.'s INJURED

Mr. Probhod Chandra, President of the Students' Union, who went from Lahore to negotiate the settlement of the strike, Sardar Pratapsingh, M.L.A., Mr. Giani Kartak Singh, M.L.A., who happened to be there watching the situation are also reported to have received injuries due to lathi charge made by the police.

The injured students were examined by a private doctor while one was removed to the Civil Hospital and later discharged after medical aid.

Further developments are expected.—United Press.

PRINCIPAL ORDERS EXPULSION

LAHORE, May 19.

Further enquiries into the Amritsar Khalsa College strike show that pamphlets containing some allegations against a professor of the college were distributed among the students.

The students who resented this, approached the Principal yesterday and threatened to declare a strike. The Principal warned them, but on refusal by four students to heed the warning, the Principal ordered their expulsion.

This exasperated the students, the majority of whom declared a strike to-day. The four students are reported to have been expelled.

Probodh Chandra, President, Students' Union, who is reported to have received a number of lathi charges, in a Press statement said: "I went to the Principal last night for an interview, but was refused. This morning while entering the college, I was served with a written order by the Principal prohibiting my entry into the college premises."—United Press.

BOMBING ON FRONTIER

Women International League's Protest

LONDON, (By Mail).

Protest against the methods being used against tribesmen on the North-West Frontier of India is made by the Women's International League in a letter to the Secretary of State for India and Mr. Eden.

"The Committee", the letter says, "feels that charges against us of hypocrisy by other nations are not altogether without reason when on the same day that protests were made in the British Press with regard to the bombing at Guernica, it was possible for such headlines to appear at 'Trapped Tribesmen Mown Down by R.A.F. on Indian Frontier'."

The League urges the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the causes of the unrest.—"Daily Herald."

No Use Of Poison Gas

Franco Speaks Of Waging War In Humanitarian Manner

LONDON, May 19.

General Franco, replying to the Secretary of the Anti-Poison Gas Association, states that it has never entered his or his army's mind to use poison gases.

He intends "to see the war pursued in the most humanitarian manner possible." He would only use gases if the enemy did.

The Spanish Government has already assured the British Government that they will not use poison gas first.—Reuter.

CHILD REFUGEES FOR SOUTHAMPTON

First Preference For Girls

BILBAO, May 19.

The British Government has cabled permission for the embarkation of 4,000 children on the steamer "Habana" which will proceed direct to Southampton. A preference is expressed that the older children shall be girls. The number of priests, in whose presence the British Government insisted, and a large medical and nursing staff will accompany the steamer.—Reuter.

BASQUES PLEASED WITH NEW CABINET

BILBAO, May 18.

The formation of the New Government in Valencia with the implied swing to the right has particularly pleased the Basques as they have three members in it.

It is felt that Valencia now realises the importance of the defence of Bilbao for the whole issue of the war.—Reuter.

TASK BEFORE NEW GOVT. IN VALENCIA

VALENCIA, May 18.

The particular task of the new Government will be "To unify the command of military operations as well as to control economic life", says the Government statement of policy which deplores the absence of the Trade Union organisations.—Reuter.

OUTSIDERS BLAMED

AMRITSAR, May 19.

As a sequel to the expulsion of four students from Khalsa College yesterday, there was a partial strike, and picketing was resorted to by officials of the Provincial Students' Union, Akali leaders and the strikers to-day. The principal, Mr. Jodhsingh, warned the students and outsiders to cease their interference, when this proved ineffective, the police were summoned and the crowd was dispersed by a lathi charge.

According to the police, one man was injured while in the charge, but the strikers declare that three men were injured, including the president and secretary of the Provincial Students' Union.—A.P.

SCHOOL OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS

Madras Govt. Sees In It Danger To Public Peace

OOTACAMUND, May 19.

The Government of Madras declared unlawful under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act the association called the Summer School of Economics and Politics and Training Camp at Kottapalam, Guntur, as in the opinion of the Government it has for its object interference with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to public peace.—A.P.

Pt. Nehru's Triumphal Tour In Burma

STRAIGHT TALK TO CHETTYARS

Urges United Front Of Labour For Bargaining Strength

BASSEIN, BY AIR MAIL

A rare but typical reception in Indian Fashion combined with enthusiastic welcome appropriate to the people of the Land of Golden Pagodas in a setting of saffron, green and white is the impression gathered by the Associated Press Special Correspondent regarding the visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to Bassein.

The Correspondent says that it is perhaps the first time during his Burma tour that the Congress President was received by Indian ladies with burning incense and that the Indian vermilion mark was put on his forehead.

A booming of gun announced the arrival of the distinguished guest with his daughter on board the seaplane from Wakema. On landing the Pandit was received by the Chairman and members of the Reception Committee and was taken in a procession, which included Burmese Blue Shirts carrying the Indian Tricolour and Indian, Burmese and Karen girls dressed in their national costume in saffron, green and white. A large crowd followed the procession which was about half a mile long, the Pandit being driven in a decorated car.

At the platform of the Shwe Mo Taw Pagoda an address of welcome by the Bassein Town and District people was presented to the Congress President who made a suitable reply.

The Pandit during his short stay in Bassein took the opportunity of visiting the Chetty Temple and the Chinese school. He also inspected the Blue Shirts.

Owing to some disagreement with the Reception Committee the address of welcome by the Municipal Committee which was to have been presented to the Pandit was dropped.

The Pandit and party left in the afternoon by air for Rangoon. 'En route' at Maubin two addresses, one from the Indian community and the other from the Municipal Committee were presented to him.

TRIBUTE TO PANDITJI

The following are extract from the address which was read by U Kun, Member of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Bassein Reception Committee:—

"On behalf of the residents of Bassein Town and District, (Burma) we the members of the Reception Committee at Bassein respectfully offer you and your daughter Kumari Indira Devi a most warm and cordial welcome.

This, Panditji, is your first visit to Burma. It has been the proud privilege of our people to welcome to these shores, from time to time, such eminent leaders of Indian political thought as Mahatma Gandhi, Swami Shraddhananda, Lala Lajpat Rai J. M. Sen-Gupta and others, but it has not been possible for any of them to perform the same extensive itinerary, as you have, to our good fortune, been able to do. Our joy at your visit is all the great on that account, and our welcome of you, all the more hearty.

INDO-BURMA RELATIONS

Burma and India are separate countries; but there have existed between them for over twenty centuries, close religious, cultural and commercial ties. If the religion of the people has made them tolerant and charitable, we cannot and do not forget that that great religion had its origin in India A better understanding between the peoples of the two countries will be of mutual benefit, and we are confident Sir that you as the Ambassador of Good-Will from India will be able to help very materially to foster this very desirable object.

BONDAGE, THE LINK

Although the separation of Burma from India has been accomplished by the Act of Parliament, Burma, just like India, has not yet attained her ideal of freedom from bondage. For sometime at least if not for ever, the Indian and the Burmese people would go on living and working together for common weal or woe, so far at least as commercial activities in Bassein and Burma are concerned. We would therefore like to request you as a leader of Indian thought to advise Indians, resident or domiciled, within Bassein Town and District, particularly, and Burma generally, to look upon the indigenous races therein, who generally are in a subservient economic position, as their brethren and to merge their interests with those of the sons of the soil.

Just as the nation whom you lead to-day appreciates to the full the great sacrifices made by you and them, we here in Burma, would appreciate a message from you which will always remain a source of inspiration and guidance to us in the task which lies ahead.

In conclusion, we trust that your mission to bring about freedom and equality among the people not only of India but also of all other subject races in Asia will bear fruit in your life-time.

We wish you and your daughter a pleasant sojourn in our land, and if by your visit, a happier state of affairs is brought about, the visit, in spite of the inconvenience it must have necessarily entailed to you will not have been made in vain.—A.P.

MOULMEIN'S WARM RECEPTION

RANGOON, May 17.
(By Air Mail.)

Moulmein accorded a warm reception to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, when he arrived there from Rangoon on Saturday morning by air

Several addresses including an address from the Moulmein Municipality were presented to him.

The Pandit returned to Rangoon yesterday morning by Air and went through crowded engagements.

In the morning he drove to Insein, addressed a gathering there and received address.

In the afternoon in Rangoon he granted interviews to Indian Merchants, visited the Kamatchi Amman Temple and Industrial School, addressed a meeting of the ladies at Dufferin Park and attended the Burma Hindi Prachar Sabha conference.

In the evening he addressed a meeting of Rangoon Jewellers and at night talked to the Burmese Muslim problem sinks into insignificance in view of other bigger political issues was the observation of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru

(Continued on page 8 Col 6)

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Marathi knowing decent canvassers. Apply personally to Dr. B. S. Patankar Ram Mandir Building, Bhuleshwar. (8351)

Wanted—Teachers, Lady Teachers, Medical Graduates, Accountants, Store-keepers and Clerks. Rishkul Rajendra & Co., Lucknow. (8362)

Wanted Typist knowing independent English correspondence. Pay Rs. 30. Apply Box No. 8367, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Professor of History and Economics from 21st June 1937. Pay Rs. 100—5—150. An M.A. in History A and C Groups necessary. Apply Box No. 5456, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Bombay suburban co-educational school a male and a female Teacher with high educational qualifications and experience and a trained vernacular final. Apply Box No. 8349. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Junior Draftsman for an Engineering Firm. Apply in own hand; state salary expected. Apply Box No. 8363. "Bombay Chronicle."

153. CLASSES

Sheth Lalbhai Dalpatbhai Arts College will be started by the Ahmedabad Education Society on 20th June, 1937, on receipt of Government sanction. This College will run classes with honours in English, Mathematics, Sanskrit, Gujarati, Logic and Philosophy and History and Economics and pass courses in French, Persian and Ardhamagadhi. Students desirous of joining the College should send in their applications to the Principal along with Rs. 5 as earnest money. Forms of application can be had from the College Office on payment of one anna each between 2 and 6 p.m. J. H. Divan, Secretary, Ahmedabad Education Society, 13th May 1937, Shantisadan, Mirzapur Road, Ahmedabad. (5473)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Recognised by U.P., Bombay Govts. & Several States. Applications from Matriculates invited for Overseer Class, Session July, 1937. Final Exam conducted by & Certificate awarded by Department of Public Instruction, U. P. Prospectus FREE from Principal. (8310).

Wanted—Matriculates for admission into the Overseer Class of The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by the U. P. Government. Applications for July session 1937 are being considered now. Apply for free Prospectus and admission form to the Principal. (5440)

156. PRIVATE TUITIONS

Mlle Christine French Teacher recently arrived open for lessons. Apply Lentinage, 3rd floor, Arthur Bunder Road. Phone 30708. (8365)

194. DENTISTS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings, and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (8368)

406. IRON & STEEL

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415. SILK MERCERS

A Visit to Stall 210 at Indian Industries Fair, Bombay will show you Swadeshi Silk and Ribbon Mills Co., Benares, Indian-made, fashionable brocade and fancy borders in gold, silk and cotton in beautiful registered designs. Agent: Messrs. Kanti Lal and Co., Mulji Jetha Market, Chandra Chowk, Bombay. (8323)

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NOTICE

Our Salesman, Mr. DAS, alias PRABHUDAS A. HINGORANI, is no longer in our service from 19th May, 1937, and our constituents are therefore hereby requested to please make a note of this and not pay any moneys to or have any dealings with him, on our behalf.

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MUSLIM UNIVERSITY ALIGARH

NOTICE.

The next Session of the Aligarh Muslim University will commence as follows:—

1. Training College—15th June, 1937.
2. Arts, Science, Law, etc.—1st July, 1937.

The Admissions to the University Classes except B. T. will begin from the 25th June, 1937. The Admission to the B.T. Class will be held on the 15th June, 1937. The last date for receiving applications for admission to the B. T. Class is 25th May, 1937 and for other classes 20th June, 1937. Prospectus giving conditions of admission and expenses, etc. can be had free of charge from the undersigned.

A. E. ZOBAIRI,
Registrar,
Muslim University, Aligarh.
(6651).

Legal Notices.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

On behalf of our client Rao SAHEB SHANKAR VIRUPAKSHA PATTIHAL, retired Assistant Engineer, P.W.D. Bombay, now Palace Engineer, Bikaner in Rajputana, Notice is hereby given to the public that our client absolutely owns certain immovable properties consisting of two bungalows and a house situate at Wakdewadi, Bhamburda and Rasta Peth at Poona which contain our client's furniture and other articles. None of our client's sons nor any one else has any share or interest in the said immovable or movable properties. Our client understands that one of his sons, Anant Shankar Pattihal is, with a view to be able to raise loans, falsely representing that he has a share in our client's said properties and is also trying to dispose of some of the said furniture and articles of our client. This is therefore to notify to the public that the said Anant Shankar Pattihal has no share or interest whatsoever in our client's said immovable or movable properties and all persons who will purport to take any share or interest in the said properties from the said Anant Shankar by way of sale, mortgage, pledge, gift or otherwise howsoever, will do so at their own risk. Such transactions will not in any way be binding on our client nor will they be recognised by him.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court, Bombay,
14, Hummum Street, Fort,
Bombay.
BOMBAY 18th May, 1937.
5498.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Will of KHAMISA HAJI SHARIFF of Bombay, Cutchi Memon, retired trading, residing at Taboot Street, Camp Poona, a widower. ..... Deceased.

(1) AHMED HAJI OOMER, (2) MAHOMED HASHAM MOLEDINA, both of Poona, Cutchi Memon Inhabitants, Merchants, residing at Main Street, Camp Poona, the Executors named in the said Will. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 10th day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL, For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 10th day of May, 1937.
Messrs. PAYNE & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
5489

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 1858 BALES COTTON SURAT FARM: NOWSARI FARM: KAPADVANJ BARDOLI FARM: SAMLAYA FARM: WESTERN (ADONI & GUNTAKAL FARM).

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 21st May, 1937, at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree near cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and or water and salved from the fire that occurred in Wadia Godown No. 24 on the 10th May 1937 to cotton of Messrs. C. Parekh & Co.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

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On SUNDAY, the 23rd MAY AT 3-30 P. M.

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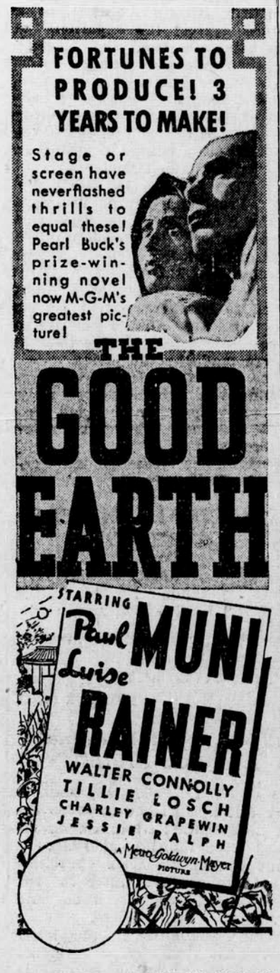

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Celebe ,,	18th ,,	22nd ,,
London ,,	24th ,,	8th June
Victoria ,,	25th ,,	,,
Kifuku ,,	9th June	24th ,,
India ,,	24th ,,	9th July
Borneo ,,	9th July	24th ,,

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Sewage Gas For Street Lighting

City Engineer Submits Detailed Report

The question of utilisation of waste gases from the Sewage Works at Dadar for purposes of street lighting is at present engaging the attention of Mr. N. V. Modak, City Engineer.

Mr. E. Gordon Cameron, Mechanial Engineer while on leave in England last year, made a study of this question and visited a few Sewage Disposal Works notably of Bury and Dagenham and submitted a report of their working, at the request of the Municipal Commissioner.

Mr. Modak, City Engineer, Bombay Municipality, in a note forwarding the Report to the Municipal Commissioner states:

"The information collected by Mr. Cameron tallies with our experience as regards the analysis of gas and its generation. We have also seen that the gas without any purification can be used for lighting purposes in the standard gas lamps used by us The conditions regarding pressure, etc., are not very different and the gas is as illuminant as the town gas. The gas required for lighting per lamp is however found to be slightly less than the town gas.

"I do not think that heating will be required in Bombay conditions as the temperature does not go down below 80 degrees which is the average temperature required for the generation of the gas. If allowance is made for this fact, the number of lamps that can be lighted with the gas in the first stages of the scheme will vary from 300 to 400. The question of utilisation of the gas to the best advantage of the Municipality is still under my consideration and I hope to submit proposals in connection therewith very shortly for your sanction.

"It is interesting to note that the data that is being collected on our plant is up-to-date and that Bombay at least stands first in this matter.

"Regarding the question raised by Mr. Cameron as regards the effect of sewer gas on the steel beams used in the plant, I am asking Mr. Cameron to give a trial to the paint recommended by him (manufactured by the Manchester Paint and Varnish Company, Limited) I have tried 2 or 3 paints before, but they were not found satisfactory. I am also considering the question of having the beams coated either with aluminium or zinc, if the cost is not prohibitive. If it is found that no suitable paint can be had for preventing corrosion of beams, the only alternative will be to encase them entirely in concrete. This point also is receiving my serious attention."

The report was recorded by the Standing Committee at its meeting held on Wednesday pending a detailed scheme to be drawn up.

Overtime Allowance To Encroachment Dept. Staff

The Standing Committee met on Wednesday evening, with Mr. Sultan Chinony in the chair. The Committee sanctioned over-time allowance to be paid to the Encroachment Branch Staff, detailed for making occasional night raids in the hawkers' area at Chowpatty with a view to enforcing their license conditions. These raids will be continued till the extra staff for duty at the Chowpatty sands from 4 p.m. to 11 p.m., proposals for which will be submitted to the Standing Committee shortly, is appointed.

"London Lamps" For City

"London Lamps" will be introduced in Bombay, as the proposal of the Municipal Commissioner was accepted by the Standing Committee.

This gas lamp is of the latest design, strong in construction and is provided with a special type of reflector which ensures uniform and better illumination. The Municipal Commissioner points out that on test it is found that the illumination provided by this type of lamp is about 50 per cent. more than that of the 12 Lt. Rochester (now used in city streets). It has also a contrivance similar to that of the Rochester for extinguishing 6 out of its burners at midnight.

INCREASED COST

"The Gas Company are asking a maintenance rate of Rs. 33 per month as against Rs. 30 of a 12 Lt. Rochester Lamp and they state that the extra sum of Rs. 3 asked for is for the maintenance of the costly reflectors. I consider the rate of Rs. 33 proposed for the 'London Lamp' (12 lights upto midnight and 6 lights thereafter) fair and reasonable and request the sanction of the lighting contract accordingly under sec. 69 (c) of the Municipal Act."

RURAL PROGRESS IN GOA

Governor-General Greets All Goans Abroad

(From A Correspondent)

The Assagao Union, an institution formed and registered in Goa to promote the welfare of Assagaonenses has built a fine house in Assagao in which will be housed Union's English school free reading room and the village public hall. The building has cost over Rs. 14,000 and is modelled on the Bombay Town Hall. It is called 'Casa Uniao Assagonense.' It will provide the nucleus of all village uplift work.

The building was inaugurated by the Governor-General of Portuguese India on 9th instant in the presence of over 1,200 people and of all the district authorities the Municipal Corporation, a large number of priests and others. Before the inauguration the blessing ceremony was performed by the Vicar-General who represented the Patriarch of East Indies. The Governor-General made an important speech in which he greeted all Goan emigrants through the Assagao Union. He remarked that in accepting the invitation of the Assagao Union he wished to show how deeply interested was the Government of Goa in the welfare of Goans abroad to all of whom he sent his best greetings. The Governor-General spoke very highly of the "excellent work of Goan Emigrants' Fund Committee" which, he stated, "consisted of good men overflowing in generosity and disinterestedness which could not have done more or better work with the funds at its disposal. The Governor-General expressed his deep sympathy with those Goans on whom fortune has not smiled in foreign lands. He congratulated Assagonenses on their achievement of building a fine house which he hoped would support all causes of progress

After the inauguration there was a champagne party offered by the Union to the Governor-General and other distinguished guests. The proceedings consisted of a solemn Te Deum speeches by Prof. A. Correia Fernandes and by Mrs. Ezilda Ribeiro. The toast of the Governor was drunk by Mr. M. J. P. de Andrade J.P.

The press in Goa has devoted a good deal of attention to this pioneering piece of work in rural uplift and has appealed to all other villages to follow the example of the Assagao Union. The Governor-General also remarked that the work of the Union reminded him "of the spirit of renovation which is proceeding in Portugal as part of the sacred crusade of Salazar to improve the condition of life."

This is not a Prospectus but merely a Commercial Advertisement For Information only.

(A formal Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Ajmer-Merwara).

M. Mathur & Company., Ltd.

AJMER (RAJPUTANA).

Incorporated in India for the purpose of organising during the autumn 1938 an

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

and thereafter on the lines of the British Industries Fair, the Leipzig Fair and the Canadian National Exhibition, an Exhibition will be held in Bombay for a period of two months in which the Advancement of Indian Agriculture, Industries, Arts and Crafts, Etc. will be portrayed. This Exhibition will be called the

INDIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

DIRECTORS:—

1. Dr. Sir HARI SINGH GOUR, K. T., M.A., D. Litt, D. C. L. L. L. D., Ex-M. L. A., Barrister-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor, Nagpur University, (Chairman).
2. DIWAN BAHADUR HARBILAS SARDA, Ex-M.L.A., Ajmer, (Vice-Chairman.)
3. R. DAYAL, Esq., General Manager, Cotton Mill, Amet.
4. DIWAN BAHADUR K. L. PAONASKER, M.A., C.I.E. Ex-Prime Minister, Kishangarh and Bundi States.
5. SAHIBZADA MAHMUD ALI, Khan Bahadur, N.D.D., B.D.F.A., A. U.C., R.A., Chief Minister, Sachin State, Bombay.
6. M. MATHUR, Esqr., Chairman, Indian Commerce & Industrial Company, Concessionaire, International Exhibitions of Barcelona, Antwerp, Paris, Chicago, Toronto, London, Ontario, and Bruxelles, (Managing Director).

A Managing Committee consisting of the prominent Indian Industrialists and Presidents of the Provincial Chambers of Commerce will shortly be formed.

The Company has obtained from the Registrar of Companies, the Certificate for Commencement of Business.

The Company intends to acquire, on perpetual lease from the Government of India, a portion of the Back Bay Reclamation Land in Bombay, for which negotiations are already in progress. And the Company proposes to build permanent structures to house the Exhibits annually, thus keeping the assets permanent and intact. The value of the property thus created is expected to appreciate.

The second main object of the Company is to organise an Indian Section at the forthcoming International Exhibitions of Paris 1937, San Francisco, 1938 and New York 1937, since the company has made it their speciality to participate in the International Exhibitions of Europe and America, and have thus gained the unique distinction of being the only concern in the whole of India which has taken part in so many Exhibitions consecutively.

One of the main objects of the company is to produce News Reel type of films. In the Far advanced countries of the West, the news reels form an important part of the entertainment. In India they are bound to influence the Indian film industry. Therefore it is the object of the Company to be the pioneers in the field of short films. The Indian topical films have a great market in the West and these films are comparatively cheaper to produce than the full story films. Therefore, there are very good chances of making profit in this line of business. Since not much Capital is required to produce such films, the Company will shortly go in for the production.

THE ESTIMATES OF THE EXPECTED FUTURE PROFITS from the proposed Indian Exhibition and from participation in the foreign exhibitions show a profit of Rs. 2,08,000 (two lacs and eight thousand) which indicates that the 9 per cent. preference shares are nearly three times secured.

Applicants must apply to the Company at Makarwali Road, Ajmer, for the full prospectus and particulars regarding the 9 per cent. Preference Shares of Rs. 20 each.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

HANSRAJ PRAGJI THACKERSEY COLLEGE

This College opens on 21st June. It teaches pass and Honours Courses in English, Sanskrit, Marathi and Economics, and Pass Courses in History, Gujarati and Philosophy. Second languages for F.Y.A. and I.A. are Sanskrit, Persian, French and Ardha-Magadhi. Hostel accommodation is available for 85 male students and for 8 women students on the premises of the College. Send four annas for Prospectus.

T. A. KULKARNI,
Principal.

Nasik, 2nd May, 1937.
5383

DOUBLE PROGRAMME from SATURDAY, the 22nd May

ew Theatre's Super Productions
From Saturday to Tuesday
CHANDIDAS
From Wednesday to Friday
PURAN BHAKTA
Don't lose this golden opportunity
MINERVA
TALKIES
(Lamington Road).

END GREY HAIR.

End your grey hair and look years younger by using VIVALINE HAIR OIL, a true Nature's friend which makes greyness disappear gently like nature.

Rs. 3 large phial for advanced greyness; Rs. 1-12 small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post Free.

Bombay Agents:—Madhav Agency, Girgaum, Bombay 4; Bombay Stockists:—Kemp & Co., Ltd. (All Branches); The Popular Pharmacy (All Branches); Perry & Co., Grant Road; P Harkisondas and Co., Lamington Road; Hardinge & Co., Charni Road Jn; Bell Ram Bros., Princess St

For further enquiries write to:—Sole Distributors. SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHING Co (Medical Dept.) Bhowanipore, Calcutta.

Psychological Tests For City Drivers

Safety First Association Conducts Remarkable Demonstrations

If certain psychological tests for Motor-Drivers, which were demonstrated by the Safety First Association at the Laboratory of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company on Wednesday afternoon, are applied to all applicants for driving licences, the chances of accidents on the road are likely to be considerably reduced.

Despite regulated speeds of traffic, prescribed routes and crossings, improved signals and brakes, the total number of read accidents is increasing year by year. In no other department of life is the private citizen allowed, in a public and usually crowded place, thus to endanger the lives and limbs of his fellows.

According to statistics compiled by the National Safety First Association of England, over 80 per cent of fatal road accidents are due to the human factor. Ability to drive well, like the ability for other occupations, is not dependent merely on the will of the worker. The National Institute to Industrial Psychology, London, have instituted certain psychological tests for motor drivers and it has also been proved that the tests may be absolutely relied upon.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, a member of the council of the Association, Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police and other persons were present when a demonstration of these tests was given for the Press. The equipment for these tests which has been imported by the Safety First Association, is the first of its kind in India and is claimed to measure both actual and potential driving ability of motorists and includes measurement of reaction time, judgment of speed, judgment of width and judgment of depth. Mr. A. S. Trollip, secretary of the Association and W. Price, Electrical Engineer conducted the demonstration.

Time Test

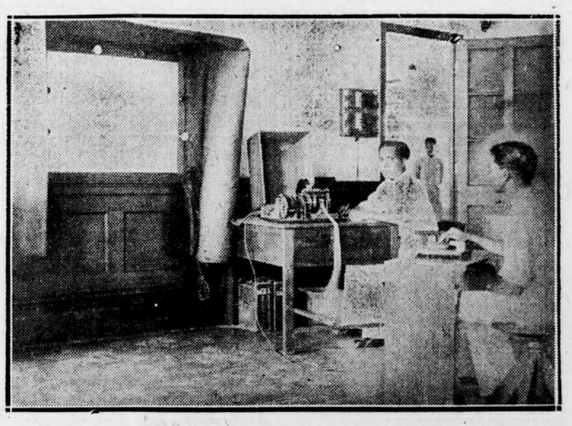
The first is the Reaction Time Test. The Subject sits in front of a screen on which appear red, white and green colours. He has in front of him three keys corresponding to the colours which appear on the screen. As soon as he notices any particular colour he presses the appropriate key and the time which elapses between the time of the appearance of the light and the time he presses the key is recorded on a tape. This test is also applied with various complications intended to distract the subject. The value of the test lies in the fact that it shows whether a driver is capable of rapid reaction and individual differences in reaction make all the difference between an accident and an escape.

The second test is intended to find out the capacity of the driver to judge the speed of vehicles. Two objects are made to move along a track at varying speeds and the subject is asked to determine at what point one of them is likely to overtake the other. The objects are also made to move in opposite directions and the subject is required to find out the point at which they are likely to meet. On the road, the driver must frequently estimated the speed of vehicles moving across his line of vision, and accurate judgment is vital a busy cross roads.

The third item of the demonstration is meant to determine the capability of a driver to make the sort of judgment which he must make when he has to decide whether or not there is room to get past There are two posts, one stationary and another moving towards the stationary post. The subject sits at a certain distance from these posts in front of a screen. By means of a switch in his hand he can make the moving rod proceed towards the Stationary one; and just when he thinks that the distance between the two rods is the same as the length of the screen in front of him he stops the moving rod. The actual difference between the moving and stationary posts and the screen in front of him is the index of the subjects. capacity to judge the width of the road available for traffic.

The last test is intended to find out the capacity of the subject to appreciate the depth of a gradient. A tilted circular disc is exposed to the subject for a moment and he is then asked to pick out from a series of eclipses on a chart given to him the one nearest in shape to the apparent shape of the disc.

The candidates who fail in any of these tests should be given a course of training intended to overcome his difficulties. After this scientific training it should be regarded as safe to trust him with a car. It is to be hoped that the police authorities will try to adopt these tests in place of the crude ones now applied before issuing driving licenses.



The screen used for reaction test and the time recorder

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, watching the reaction time test for motor drivers at the demonstration given by the Safety First Association on Wednesday.

Itch Germs Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm kills the germs in 7 minutes and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble.

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FLIT POWDER
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Sure death
to ants, cockroaches, bugs
and other crawling insects
FLIT POWDER has all the killing power of famous FLIT and quickly destroys all crawling insects. It is sure death to cockroaches, ants, bugs, fleas on dogs, and many other insects. You will like FLIT POWDER—it is so convenient to use. Just sprinkle it in cracks and crevices where insects hide and breed. When insects touch FLIT POWDER - they die!
FLIT POWDER
Kills
F 46

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Stops bleeding cures piles at any stage. Recommended by world-known physicians used in hospitals clinics.

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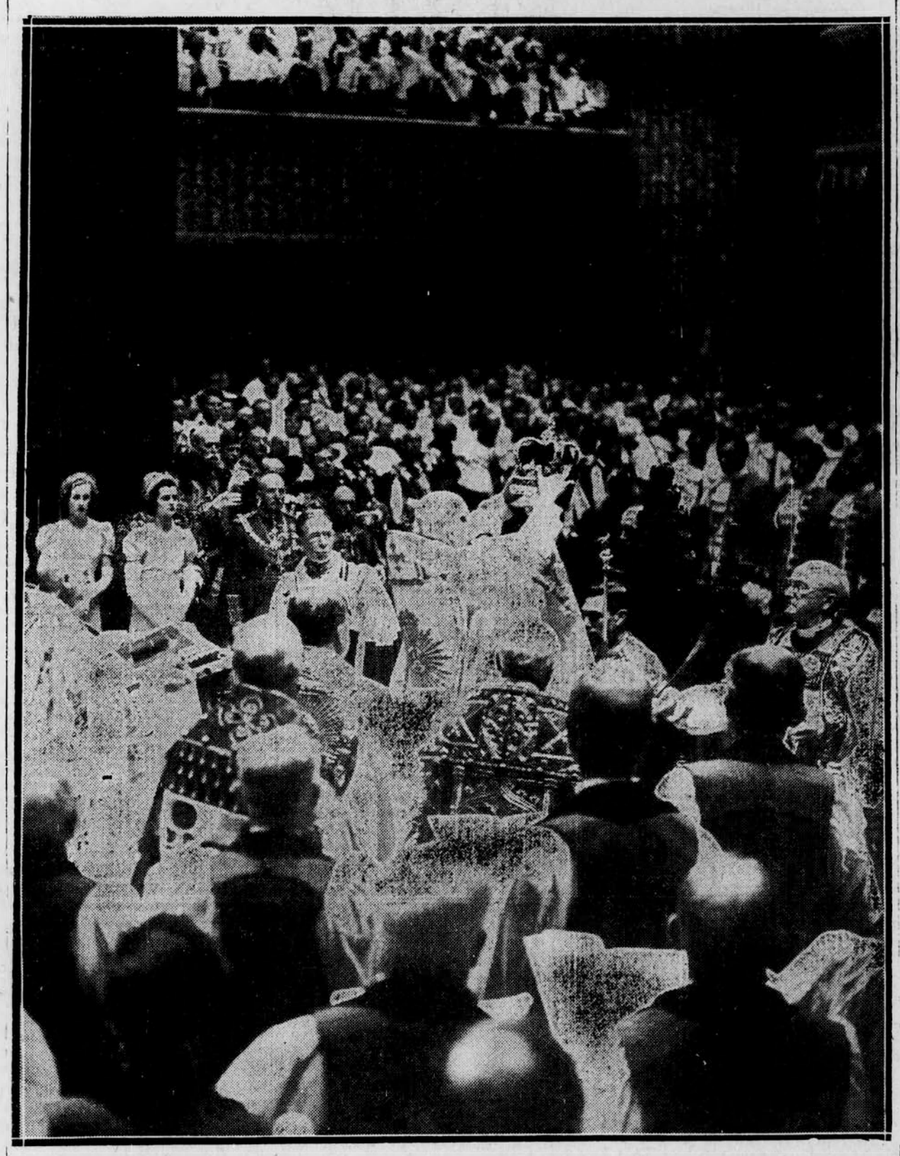


The Archbishop of Canterbury placing the Crown on His Majesty's head.

More Enjoyment from Smoking

Have you ever suffered from dry throat after continuous smoking? Don't stop smoking on that account. Chew WRIGLEY'S. See how cooling and refreshing to the mouth and relieving to the throat it is. Your whole system benefits by the use of WRIGLEY'S after every smoke.

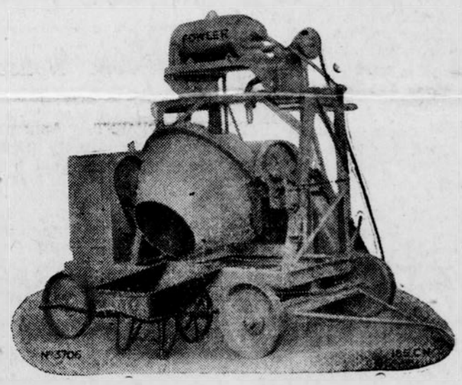
CONTAINS NO ANIMAL FAT

WRIGLEY'S

CONCRETE MIXERS

A MIXER FOR EVERY JOB

DIESEL 5/3½ Cub. ft. TILTING DRUM OR TO OR KEROSENE 14/10 Cub. ft. ROTARY.



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THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Urdu School Retained Amidst Insanitary Surroundings

AMAZING DECISION OF BANDRA SCHOOL BOARD

(From A Correspondent).

The School Board of Bandra gave its judgment on a very vital question the other day. The question was whether or not to remove the Urdu school at Nawapada from its present unhealthy and insanitary surroundings to a better and more fitted place for a school. To the grim realisation of some of the members of the Board and understanding Muslims, it was decided to keep the school in the same dilapidated building amidst insanitary surroundings.

On the persistent demand of some of the Muslim members of the Board a sub-committee was appointed to inquire into the condition of the said school, housed in one Abdul Latif Mahimi's building, against which were made many remarks by the members of the Board and the Educational Inspector. The sub-committee was however, unanimous on its decision that the school should be shifted from the building immediately, and suggested a building within a stone's throw as an ideal place for the purpose.

Well, it did not suit some one, and so it was decided to keep the school where it is. Who cares, if the little Muslim children go to school or sit at home or knock about the streets? However, a petition signed by about eighty persons was sent, protesting against the removal of the school—on probably no grounds, whoever was responsible for this must be congratulated on his wonderful success; he also succeeded in convincing the intellectual members of the Board. He convinced them that by not removing the school from the unhealthy surroundings, they would be doing a service to the Muslim community! And so they volunteered.

Another petition was also sent signed by about a hundred persons requesting the Board to change the premises, but it died a natural death.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 Big Ben. The Central Band of His Majesty's Royal Air Force (by permission of the Air Council), conducted by Squadron Leader R. P. O'Donnell, M.V.O., Director of Music, Royal Air Force. From the Royal Air Force Headquarters, Uxbridge. March, On Parade (Ring). Overture, The Jolly Robbers (Suppe). A Brown Bird Singing (cornet solo, Sergt. E. J. Tamplin) (Wood). Sextet (Lucia di Lammermoor) (Donizetti). Celebrated Quartet (Rigoletto) (Verdi). Selection, Songs of the Fair (Easthope Martin). Tarantella (Thalberg). 8-30 'An Ulster Notebook.' A talk by Denis Ireland. 8-45 Operatic Arias. 9-0 The Coronation Naval Review. A descriptive commentary, from the Fleet anchored at Spithead. 9-10 (approx.) Fred Hartely and his Sextet, with Brian Lawrance (Australian Vocalist). In Old Madrid (Trotere). Canadian Capers (Cohen). Garden in the Rain (Gibbons). Waltz, Destiny (Baynes). The Japanese Sandman (Whiting). The Little White House (Fred Hartely). Annie Laurie (Trad). When the First Piccaninny was Born (Lisbona). 9-40 The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 4-30 p.m. 10-10 Dance Music. 10-30 Close down.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s

A.M.

8-0 A Sarangi Recital. A VUB Artist. 8-15 Hindustani Songs. Allabux. 8-30 Talk (Marathi): "Woman and her Role." Arya Kanya, By Sumatibai V. Naik. 8-45 More Hindustani Songs. Allabux. 9-0 Variety. (Recorded Odeon and Columbia) 9-30 Close down.

P.M.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Niersteiner '21. My Ideal Programme. A Lunch programme arranged by a lady. 2-0 Close down. 6-0 The News in Marathi. 6-5 A Recital. Lilly Dymount. (Recorded Decca). 6-15 "The Costa Novelty Jazzettes." A Dance Band of Children with an 8 year old pianist. 7-0 A programme for the villager. 8-0 Variety. (Recorded Decca). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "The World's Great Love Stories." Savitri and Satyavan. By Tara Ali Baig. 9-15 The News. 9-30 Light Classical Music. Menaka of Belgaum. 11-0 Close down.

P.M.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

A.M.

7-0 AIR Orchestra. Ahiri Todi. 7-10 Feroz Nizami. Classical and Light Music. 7-40 Shamshadbai of Delhi. Classical and Light Music. 8-40 1st News (Hindustani) 8-50 1st News (English). 9-0 Close down.

P.M.

6-30 AIR Orchestra. Puriya Kalyan. 6-40 Feroz Nizami. Classical and Light Music. 7-10 Sarod. 7-15 Shiv Kumari Bai. 7-30 "For Villagers Only." Delhi Market Rates at (8-0 p.m.) 8-15 Talk (Hindustani): "Economic Conditions in Moghal India." By Prof. Hirdai Narain. 8-30 Shamshadbai of Delhi. Classical and Light Music. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report. (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "Current Events." Affairs in Europe. By Dr. Percival Spear. 10-0 An Hour of Dance Music. Astoria Sextett. Leader: Harry Langham. 11-0 Close down.

NOVELIST OF 80 WRITES 114 NOVELS

And He Is Still Writing!

At 80 years of age, veteran novelist G. B. Burgin has 114 novels to his credit.

Yet after pounding out millions of words on his 40-year-old typewriter, he is still writing. His latest book "The Golden Penny" was published a few days ago, and he has six other books ready for the printing press.

His Busy Antique

"Writing is in my blood," Mr. Burgin said to a reporter, "I can't help it. Whenever I get an idea I just sit down at the old typewriter and whack it out."

The "whacking out" has been done on a typewriter that must surely be the busiest antique model in Britain.

It has rows and rows of keys, some for small letters—like this—and the other set for capital letters—LIKE THIS.

There is no ribbon on this venerable machine but a central pad which is soaked in ink once a year.

Every novel he writes three times. The third version is sent away so that a perfectly type copy may be made.

DERBY CALL-OVER

85 To 20 Betting On Perifox

LONDON, May 18.

The following is the latest Derby Callover:

85 to 20 Perifox;

8 to 1 Cashbook taken and offered;

9 to 1 Le Ksar offered;

10 to 1 Solfo;

100 to 8 Le Grand Duc taken and offered;

13 to 1 Goya II offered; 100 to 7 taken;

20 to 1 The Hour offered;

22 to 1 Midday Sun offered;

25 to 1 taken;

25 to 1 Fairford taken and offered;

25 to 1 Renardo offered: 28 to 1 taken;

33 to 1 Pascal taken and offered.—Reuter.

Glands Made Young —Vigour Renewed Without Operation

If you feel old before your time or suffer from nerve, brain and physical weakness, you will find new happiness and health in an American medical discovery which restores youthful vigour and vitality quicker than gland operations. It is a simple home treatment in tablet form, discovered by an American Doctor. Absolutely harmless and easy to take, but the newest and most powerful invigourator known to science. It acts directly on your glands, nerves, and vital organs, builds new, pure blood, and works so fast that you can see and feel new body power and vigour in 24 to 48 hours. Because of its natural action on glands and nerves, your brain power, memory and eyesight often improve amazingly.

And this amazing new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs is guaranteed. It has been tested and proved by thousands in America, and is now available at all chemists here. Get Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs from your chemist today. Put it to the test. See the big improvement in 24 hours. Take the full bottle, which lasts eight days, under the positive guarantee that it must make you full of vigour, energy and vitality, and feel 10 to 20 years younger or money back on return of empty package. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

WHEN EMERGING FROM GARAGE

Car's Wheels Pass Over Man Sleeping On Road At Apollo Pier

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

There was a tragic motor accident on Apollo Pier Road last night when one Haulbhat Bali (35) was run over and killed by a motor car owned by Mrs. Dawes.

The injured man was taken to the G. T. Hospital where an immediate operation was performed upon him, but he succumbed to the serious injuries caused by the accident.

Inquiries made on the spot revealed that the car owned by Mrs. Dawes was left in the temporary charge of Mrs. Mannering residing at Wellington House. Last night the driver, one Patrick,, was ordered to bring the car from the garage to Wellington House.

When the car was driven out of the garage, it is alleged, it turned to the left, and the right front and rear wheels ran over the abdomen of a man sleeping on the road.

The police in the course of their inquiries instituted to-day arrested the driver Patrick on a charge of causing death by a rash and negligent act.

Mr. Sandilvi On Merits Of Urdu

Speaking under the auspices of the Anjuman Taraqui Urdu, Bombay, presided over by Mr. Nami Sandilvi, on "Urdu Is Inter-Provincial," Babu Shaiam Lal Asthana Bedil Sandilvi, Vakil High Court, Hyderabad (Dn.) said: "Urdu is inter-provincial, because, more or less, it is understood all over the country in each Province.

Gujrati in Punjab and Marathi in Bengal is as much alien as Tamil and Telugu or German and Slavic languages in United Provinces. One finds from his own experience that he is at home in Urdu in the remotest part of the Country owing to language being a sign of Hindu-Muslim entity, so simple and to be mastered in two weeks' time.

Most precious time of my life has been spent in travelling Southern India and I can safely say that I found Urdu to be spoken in every part of Maharashtra and Karnatic. I have gone as far as Tiruchendur and have travelled all independent states and found, except in one or two places in the Madras Presidency, Urdu as the language of the market. In Hyderabad it is the monopoly of the aristocracy and enjoys the privileges of Court language.

I would like to give a call to all young men and women who would make history of Independent India to-morrow, to take up Urdu language as the vehicle of all their intercourses and literary pursuits and until they would determine to do this much, which to-day seems so little, but on which hangs the destinies of all nations, the dream of India being Independent would remain as it is. And I would also appeal to them that they should form their independent views and should discard all that brings them closer to disunity and dissatisfaction.

Urdu was formed as a language when Musalmans left their languages namely Turkish, Pushto, Arabic and Persian and Hindus theirs the Sanskrit and many Prakrits that were prevalent at the time and formed one for their daily use and for the use of the literature of the Country.

The Unification of the Hindus and Musalmans thus made the language as it is; still form the language of the Hindus and Musalmans alike rather more of the Hindus than of the Musalmans. The best literature claims Hindu origin; the best and most widely Urdu dailies and weeklies are the monopolies of the Hindus in U. P. and Punjab.

I hope that young men and young women who are anxious to see their Country Independent, to which I see the days closing nigh, I would appeal them to contribute the best they can, taking the first step towards the unification by adopting Urdu as their language, at home, in the market and in the Society and forming clubs to make propaganda for the language. They would feel after some time that they are more at home in Urdu than in their own mother languages, which are but provincial and have no or little value outside their provinces.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A strange flight of four trunks containing clothes, cash and ornaments from a room in Thakurdwar to the cemetry in Sonapur has caused considerable astonishment to its owner, a cobbler, who sought the coolness of the air on the footpaths last night.

Early this morning the cobbler residing in Surya Mahal, who slept on the footpath last night, found the latch of his door wrenched from its holders.

On entering into the room he found that all his belongings had disappeared through a window in the rear of his room.

He dashed off to the Lamington Road police this morning to inform them of his predicament. The police set out on the trial of the missing trunks and found them scattered in the Mohammedan cemetery.

The trunks had been smashed up and their contents made up of cash, ornaments and clothing had been stolen.

Further inquiries as to the gang responsible for this outrage on Cobbler are in progress

An interesting point of law arose before the Traffic Bench this morning at the Esplanade Court when a police officer contended that he could prosecute a hire-purchasee for refusing to comply with a notice issued under Rule 30 of the Motor Vehicles Act.

In this case Wali Mahomed Ali Mohamed, a taxi-driver, was prosecuted by Sub-Inspector Sami attached to the Esplanade Police Station.

Th contention of the Police Officer was that since the accused was in possession of the property —a car (taxi)—he could be served with the notice.

Mr. Franklin De Souza, who appeared for the taxi-driver, contended that his client was only the hire-purchasee of the car in question. The owners were two Pathans, who were on the Police register.

The obligation under Rule 30' was cast on the owner.

So it could not stand against his client, inasmuch as he did not complete the contract yet, and so he could not be the owner.

He pertinently drew the attention of the Court to the agreement.

The Court upheld the view of the accused's counsel and discharged the accused.

Krishnabai Shivappa, a young woman, arrested on May 10 last on a charge of attempt to commit suicide, was ordered to be discharged for want of sufficient evidence at the Girgaum Police Court, to-day.

Albert Coelho who is stated to have broken open the house of his neighbour in his absence and removed the property worth about Rs. 3,500, was placed before the VI Presidency Magistrate.

Pending further enquiries he was remanded to Police Custody till May 28 at the Mazagaon Presidency Court to-day.

A short holiday in Goa has cost retired Improvements Trust Officer of Bombay his life's savings in the form of Rs. 18,500 in postal cash certificates.

His residence in Bombay was burgled and these valuable securities together with about Rs. 50 in cash have vanished from the vault of their safe keeping.

Mr. S. F. Coutinho, victim of this most daring exploit of housebreakers, resides in the crowded locality of Dhobi Talao, in Marine Street. He is a retired Officer of the Bombay Improvement Trust. On April 23 he locked up his flat and took his family to Goa for a short holiday away from the sweltering heat of the city.

On May 11 he received information from a neighbour that his flat had received the attention of desperados in the city who had left the rooms in great disorder.

Mr. Coutinho came back to Bombay post haste and, on arrival here on Tuesday evening, found that his life's savings had been carried away by the miscreants.

He lodged his complaint at the Esplanade Police Station, it is understood, and investigations revealed that a jemmy had been employed to break open the doors.

The numbers of the Postal Cash Certificates are known and a strict watch has been placed at important centres.

Sergt. Greig. it is stated, is in charge of the investigations and the fullest inquiries are in progress

Observing that there was not sufficient evidence against Soli Bomanji Irani placed on trial on charges of house-breaking and theft. Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered his discharge, on Wednesday.

Further hearing in the case against the other accused Dinanath alias Misri Prankumar was adjourned till the 25th instant.

It will be recalled that on February 11 last, a hoax was played on a Parsi gentleman living at Dobhi Talao, who was summoned to Poona, on a telegram stating that his daughter was ill, which subsequently turned out to be a bogus telegram. Mr. Khushroo Mherwan Irani, the complainant rushed to Poona with his wife on receipt of the telegram and found that his daughter was hale and hearty. On his return to Bombay he found that his house was burgled and property worth Rs. 377 was stolen.

On Wednesday the finger-print expert was examined for the prosecution and he stated that the finger-prints almost identical with those of the accused Prankumar were found on certain objects in the house of the complainant.

In the absence of satisfactory evidence against Soli Bomanji Irani the Magistrate passed orders as above and adjourned further hearing.

SHOCK FOR WOMAN

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of a Muslim named Mohammed Ismail (20), residing at Tandale Street.

Ameenabai Khatum stated that the deceased was a craneman in the docks. On the 7th May at about 6 p.m. he wanted to have his bath. She was about to go out, so she gave him the keys of the room. When she returned at night she found the front door fastened from within. There was no response to knocks. She went into the room by a side-door and found the deceased lying on the floor. He appeared to have vomitted at two places in the room. He was quite naked. She sent for her husband. He came and informed the police. On the way to hospital he died.

Pending the report of the Chemical Analyser, the inquest was adjourned to June 4.

Electrical Supervisors And Wiremen's Exams.

The Secretary of the Licensing Board announces that the examination of Electrical Supervisors (Competency Certificate) and Wiremen (Wiremen's Certificate) will be next held in Bombay, Poona, Ahmedabad and Karachi, simultaneously commencing from Monday, July 26 at 9-30 a.m.

Forms of application may be obtained from the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Electrical Department, P.W.D., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Candidates should fill in the application form in accordance with the instructions given therein and forward the same to the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Electrical Department, P.W.D., Bombay, so as to reach not later than July 5. Applications received on or after July 6 will not be accepted.

PROPOSED TAX ON CINEMA POSTERS

Madras Theatre Managers To Wait On Municipal Commissioner

MADRAS: (By Mail).

Under the auspices of the Madras Film League a special meeting of film business people in the city was held at the New Elphinstone Theatre, to consider the proposed tax on displayed advertisements. Among those present were Mr. Burjorji (Wellington Theatre), Mr. S. K. Mahimwalla (Elphinstone Theatre), Mr. N. N. Mistri (Roxy Theatre), Mr. H. M. Reddy, Mr Kannabiran, Mr. Srinivasan, Mr L. L. Patel, Rao Bahadur P. Sambanda Mudaliar and Mr. Jamshedji (Wellington Theatre).

The meeting resolved to submit a reply to the Corporation pointing out the disabilities and grievances of the motion picture industry, especially on its exhibition side, and requesting the authorities to exempt cinema advertisements from the operation of the proposed tax.

It was also resolved that a committee consisting of the following do wait on the Corporation Commissioner to represent their grievances.

Mr. Dorabji, Mr. M. T. Rajan, Mr. S. K. Mahimwalla, Mr. N. N. Mistri, Mr. H. M. Reddy, Mr. L. L. Patel, Mr. Sambanda Mudaliar and Mr. V. Rama Rao (Secretary of the Film League).

Although no official report has yet been received in London from the experts examining the destroyer "Hunter," it was stated yesterday that there was no evidence that she was torpedoed. It seems most likely therefore that she struck a floating mine.

PULMOVIGOR

A Dose or Two and lose the 'Flu

Pulmovigor prevents and relieves throat and lung complaints. Its formula is the discovery of a first-class pharmacist of the faculty of Paris. It overcomes Asthma, Influenza Whooping Coughs, Tuberculosis, Pleurisy, Laryngitis and Tenacious Chest Diseases. Palative and inexpensive. Pulmovigor never fails. It is a wonderful restorative after Pneumonia

Bottle of 10 oz Rs 2-12-0.

Sole Agents:—**MALGHAM BROS.,** 26, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

NO APPETITE?

IF you don't enjoy your food, it is a warning that your system is clogged with irritating poisons. Clear away these impurities by taking a teaspoonful of ENO'S "Fruit Salt" in a glass of water first thing every morning.

The gentle and natural action of ENO has been recognised by the people of every nation for more than sixty years. ENO is prepared only from the finest ingredients—no purgative mineral salts, no sugar, no artificial flavouring matter. ENO is non-habit forming and therefore quite safe for anyone to take regularly.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Sold Everywhere in Three Sizes:

Small Trial 1-oz. REGULAR 4-oz. Large Household 8-oz.

A DRINK THAT WE LOOK FORWARD TO

Many people drink Bovril at first because it tastes so good, then they realise Bovril has done them so much good and keep on drinking it *daily*.

Your first cup of Bovril gives you real invigoration. When you take it *daily* you find this regular invigoration is raising the whole tone of your health, giving you strength and energy and added resistance to disease.

LAST THING AT NIGHT DRINK

BOVRIL

BE THE FIRST TO SEE THE
CORONATION
in all its POMP and CEREMONY
TO-NIGHT AT
REGAL
DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
To-day & To-morrow:
IRENE DUNNE ROBERT TAYLOR
IN
"MAGNIFICENT OBSESSION"

PATHE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY ONLY!

Warner Bros.' filming of the hilarious stage hit, with
FRANK McHUGH
JOAN BLONDELL
ALSO
THE GREATEST EVENT OF THE CENTURY
THE CORONATION
THE CORONATION
OF THEIR MAJESTIES
KING GEORGE VI
AND
QUEEN ELIZABETH
PRESENTED by BRITISH PARAMOUNT NEWS
SEE IT TO-DAY
TO-MORROW
BORN TO LOVE Dangerously!
KAY FRANCIS
in
STOLEN HOLIDAY

DON'T MISS
THE CORONATION
PATHE Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10. P.M. Ph. 41561.

MIGHTY HERO!
A. HUSSAIN
Leaps to action on the screen.
BEAUTY QUEEN!
MISS MEHTAB,
the magnificent thrills thousands from the silver screen.
SANGEET'S
Challenge Smasher
IN
JOURNEY'S END
OR
JEEWAN SWAPNA
Enchanting Songs,
Spectacular Dances,
Soul-Stirring Stunts,
Fights, Hold-Ups,
Pathos, Thrills,
and What Not!!!
Drawing PACKED Houses
AT THE
IMPERIAL
CINEMA.
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
On Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 3 p.m.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak 11, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 9, 1305
Parsi: Adar 17, 1306
Hightide: 9-01 20-44
Lowtide: 2-30 14-44
Sunrise: 6h 3m
Sunset: 7h 7m

S. S Maloja with mails from London of the 6th instant due at 2 p.m.

Friday, May 21.

Meeting under the auspices of the Muslim League, Behind Mandvi Post Office, 9 p.m.

Saturday, May 22.

S. S Narkunda sails at 1 p.m.

THE B. E. S. & T. CO.

Gross receipts for April 1937 were: Electric Supply Rs. 7,24,228 and Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) Rs. 6,37,627.

SOCIAL WORKERS' VISITS

The members of the Social Workers Society will meet to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 a.m. near Evans Fraser, Hornby Road, for visiting houses in A Ward.

REVISED POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-30 and 2 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 20th instant instead of as previously notified.

KHAIRPUR AGRICULTURAL-CUM-INDUSTRIAL SHOW

Agricultural Department of the Khairpur State with the co-operation of the Sind Agricultural Department is organizing an Agricultural-cum-Industrial sho at Ranipur (Khairpur State) at the time of Barhin fair from June 21 to 24.

SEERATUN-NABI (PROPHET'S LIFE)

Under the auspices of Namazi-Foz there will be public gatherings at Mohamed Ali Road at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) on 25th and 27th May, when Maulana Ahmedally Saheb of Lahore will speak on the above subject. Members of all communities are invited to attend.

WOMEN'S EDUCATION INSTITUTE DADAR

The Hon. Secretary, writes

The Sewing Class run by the Dadar Branch of the Poona Seva Sadan Society is renamed as 'The G. K. Devadhar Memorial Women's Education Institute', and shifted to the first floor of "Sitaram Prasad", Gokhale Road near Shivaji Park, Dadar. One music class from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. and an English class from 10 a.m. to 11 a.m. have also been started. The fee for the first subject taken is Re. 1 per head as. 8 for every additional subject. Women are requested to join these classes in large numbers.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"China Passage" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EMPIRE—"The Good Earth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"Sabotage". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m

GLOBE—"The Vigilantes are Coming!" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

PATHE—"3 Men on a Horse" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Mary of Scotland" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"My Man Godfrey". To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s. s. 'Ridempo' via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 22nd instant.

Mails for British and Portuguese East Africa Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenzo, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. 'Tairea' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Parcel mail upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 25th May 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 26th May 1937.

2. Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion, and Madagascar Ports, will also be accepted up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 26th May 1937 for despatch by the above steamer.

As the Fast Gulf mail steamer s.s. 'Varsova' is now due to sail on 20-5-37 after the arrival of English mail steamer s.s. 'Maloja' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 20-5-37 at 2 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G. P. O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 2-0 p.m. on 20-5-37

Registered correspondence upto 1-30 p.m. on 20-5-37

Parcels correspondence upto 12 noon on 20-5-37.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G. P. O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

FINED FOR RASH DRIVING

Cowasji Bomanji Sethna, charged with rash and negligent driving on Queen's Road, on March 26 last, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30 or in default to undergo one week's simple imprisonment by Mr. K. J. Khambata, officiating magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, on Wednesday.

The prosecution case was that the accused came into a head-on collision with another car, went on the wrong side of the road, mounted the foot-path and knocked down a woman named Mrs. Sunderabai S. Patel and eventually bumped against the wall of the Charni Road Railway Station platform.

The lady was the occupant of the car T-7577, which was damaged as a result of the impact.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

"In my judgment", the Magistrate remarked: "The gravemen of the charge against the accused is that he attempted to pass and did pass the stationary taxi in front coming on to the wrong side of the road for this purpose". The Magistrate also took into consideration the evidence of Inspector Stenson of the Motor Vehicles Department, who deposed that the brakes were inefficient and inoperative.

In the opinion of the magistrate the accused made an assumption which he examined inefficiently.

The accused paid the fine.

Perfect Roll Campaign At Vile Parle

The President of the Vile Parle Municipality writes:—

The Vile Parle Municipality has undertaken to prepare a list of voters in the Municipal area and for that purpose appointed enumerators with instructions to collect necessary information from door to door. With a view for facilitating the work of the said enumerators, the inhabitants of the area, in their own interest are particularly requested to furnish them with the requisite information and generally to assist the Municipality in the preparation of the Voters' list.

In Aid Of Samaj Sewa Sangh

(From A Correspondent.)

The Saraswati Dramatic Co., performed "Deccan Queen" drama in the Damodar Thakersey Hall, Parel, on Sunday last under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole in aid of the Bhageshwar Anglo-Vernacular School conducted by the Samaj Sewa Sangh at Wayangani, Taluka Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

Messrs Bhagojishet B. Kir and Sakru gave donations of Rs. 125 and Rs. 101 respectively on the occasion.

"Prophet's" Day

The Secretary of the Celebration Committee, writes:—

Under the joint auspices of 75 Muslim Societies of Bombay, a public meeting will be held, to commemorate the Holy Prophet's Birthday Anniversary, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on Sunday, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.). Dr. K. A. Hamied, M.L.C., will perform the opening ceremony, and Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung Bahadur of Hyderabad (Deccan), will preside.

The 2nd day celebrations will begin on Monday, the 24th instant, at 9 p.m. (S.T.), when Nawab Yasin Yar Jung Bahadur, Private Finance Secretary, to H.H. Nizam will open the ceremony, and Dr. Kamal Pasha Thail, of Cochin (State), will preside.

NAO-MUSLIM TABLIG CONFERENCE

Under the auspices of Anjuman-e-Nao Muslim Tabligul Islam, the Nao-Muslim Tablig Conference will be held at Kaiser-Baug on the 29th, 30th and 31st May, 1937.

Among the prominent persons who will attend this Conference are: Ghazi Mahmood Dharampal, B.A., Maulana Ahmedally of Anjuman-e-Khaddame-din, Lahore, Maulana Mubarak Hoosein Meerathi, Arabic Professor at Meerut and Mahashay Abdul-Karim (formerly Pandit Satyapal, Arya Updeshak, Agra), and others.

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

Christ Church Old Boy's "A" In Quarter Finals

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Having weeded the rabbits in the first round, the better teams are now contesting the second round of the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament. To-day the Christ Church Old Boy's 'A' met the Byculla Mechanics Institute, whom they eliminated.

From the initial bully the Old Boys 'A' took command and exerted heavy pressure keeping the Railwaymen confined to their area for the greater part of the first half, and fifteen minutes from the start Coutts the Old Boys left inner scored the first goal. Midfield play followed for a short space, and seven minutes after Blake their centre-forward added the second point and the interval arrived with the Old Boys two goals to advantage.

Resuming play, Byculla Mechanics played a better game, and from the start they were seen to advantage. However their shine was short lived, and the game again swung round in favour of the Old Boys and for the rest of the half, the Railwaymen were absolutely a beaten side. Twenty minutes later Blake put the issue beyond doubt by adding the third goal.

D'Monte the Railway custodian put in some brilliant work, and had it not been for him the margin would have been much greater. The final whistle finds the Christ Church Old Boys 'A' enter the quarter finals.

CHRIST CHURCH OLD BOYS 'A' 3 goals

BYCULLA MECHANICS Nil.

THE TEAMS:

CHRIST CHURCH OLD BOYS 'A':—Durham; Almeida and D'Souza; Romer, Harper, and Lloyd; Walsh, Peters, Blake, Coutts and Durham.

BYCULLA MECHANICS INSTITUTE:—D'Monte; White and Ottman; Gallagher, Nock and L. D'Monte, Whitaker, G. Whitaker, R. Gallagher, Dawson, and Barrett.

UMPIRES:—Messrs F. N. Stephens and F. Pereira.

THURSDAY'S GAME

"TIMES OF INDIA" 'A' v. BARNES SCHOOL.

KHER VISITS INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

BOMBAY, May 19.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Leader, Congress Party, Bombay Legislative Assembly, visited the Third Indian Industries Fair last evening. He was received at Marine Lines sea-face by Mr. G. S. Ranade, the Managing Director of the Fair, and was garlanded on behalf of the stallholders. He was taken round the exhibition stalls and accorded hearty welcome by the stallholders.

Mr. Kher felt highly pleased at the very fine display of the Indian-made goods and congratulated the organisers of the exhibition for their efforts in promoting Indian industries.

Mr. T. E. Streatfield, I.C.S. Collector of Bombay Suburban Districts, also paid a visit to the Fair this evening. He was also received at the main gate by the Managing Director, and was shown round the exhibition. He expressed delight at the arrangements and the display and congratulated the organisers.— United Press.

GOUD SARASWAT SCHOLARSHIP LEAGUE

The Hon. Secretaries Goud Saraswat Brahmin Scholarship League, C/o Saraswat Brahmin Samaj, 264, Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay, invite applications from students of the Goud Saraswat Brahmin community hailing from the Kanara Districts, and studying in high schools. The applications should reach the Secretaries at their above address, on or before the 10th of June. Applications received later may not receive consideration. Applications from students of the same community from the Kanara Districts, studying in any of the Technical Institutions in the Bombay Presidency, for a prize of Rs. 20 (Dangi Memorial Prize) for the year 1937-38 should reach the Hon. Secretaries at their above address on or before the 10th June, 1937.

MUSIC PROGRAMME

At Swadeshi Exhibition Prof. Sadashivrao Dhurekar will play on musical instrument today (Thursday) at 10 p.m. (S.T.) The holders of counterfoils of the entrance gate tickets will be allowed free up to 300 tickets in the theatre Public will take the advantage of this opportunity This musical programme will be broadcasted by Chicago Loudspeakers.

"THE FLYING RANEE"

Daily Service To Surat Commences On Monday

(From A Correspondent).

Monday, May 24 will be the inauguration day of "The Flying Ranee" as a daily fast service between Bombay and Surat.

Encouraged by the success of the week-end service, the Railway are introducing this train as an experiment, in order to provide what appears to be a much needed and faster link between the two cities. The train will leave Bombay at 18-5, later than at present, so that business people may take advantage of it, returning to the present timings each morning and arriving Bombay at 9-47 a.m.

Side by side with this new service, special return concession tickets will be issued at one and a half fares for the return journey, and these will be available in either direction for four days from the date of issue.

The present fast week-end timings will be maintained—four hours each way, and this fact combined with the reduced fares, should make the train as popular as her week-end sister.

The arrangements for the week-end train will remain unchanged, the present very low fares being maintained, and the Saturday afternoon train leaving at 15-10 hrs.

The Popular Insurance Co. Ltd.,

The Directors' Report of the Popular Insurance Co., Mangalore for the past year says:

During the year under report the Company received proposals for assurance for Rs. 8,29,000 out of which proposals to the face value of Rs. 7,14,500 resulted into policies, as against Rs. 6,10,500 of the previous year. The rest of the proposals were either rejected, postponed or are awaiting completion. The increase in New Business has been quite steady and reasonable and reflects the very satisfactory progress of the Company.

The total revenue from premiums, interest and other sources amount to Rs. 71,512-4-7 as against Rs. 57,113-9-10 of the previous year, representing an increased income of Rs. 14,398-10-9.

The Life Assurance Fund now amounts to Rs. 87,901-5-5 as compared with Rs. 64,891-5-11 at the beginning of the year. The Fund has therefore increased during the year by a substantial sum of Rs. 23,000-15-6, i.e., by 35.45 per cent.

The Company has introduced several features as additional benefits to policy-holders along with some new novel plans of assurance towards the close of the year. They include the Savings Bank arrangement for policy-holders, Double Indemnity, Accident Benefit, Special Rebate on policies of over Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 5,000, Deferred Assurance for Children, Progressive Benefit Assurance, Guranteed Profit and Special Whole Life Assurance. Among these plans the Deferred Assurance without medical examination and Progressive Benefit Assurance have proved extremey popular and attractive. The policy of the management is to offer all that is best in Life Assurance service.

Fined For Adulterating Ghee

Mr. Velji Virji, vendor in the shop at No. 96(9), Colaba Road, (Bombay Garages), was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on May 10, by the Municipal Court of Hon Presidency Magistrates, Fort, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 30.4 per cent.

E. Khandesh Peasants' Conference President

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Reception Committee of the Peasants Conference to be held at Asoda (East Khandesh) on the 25th instant has unanimously elected Mr. J. Bukhari as the President of the Conference.

Shri Shivaji Anniversary

Under the auspices of the Maratha Aikyechhu Sabha of Bombay the annual Shri Shivaji Birth Anniversary was held on Sunday evening at the Nirnaya Sagar Press, Mr. D. S. Yande presiding.

Mr. V. N. Vedak delivered a lecture on "Shivaji's Time and the Present Time" in which he discussed the present state of degeneracy of Hindus politically, socially religiously and economically. He warned them that unless they were prepared to sacrifice their all for national cause their race would almost be extinct.

The president in his closing remarks exhorted the audience to unite and work for the betterment of the Hindus as a race and give up caste distinction. After a vote of thanks the meeting terminated.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

With monsoon approaching very fast upon us, the suburbs have a lot of problems to tackle. There are quite a number of choked drains almost everywhere which need a thorough cleaning if the rain water is to be carried away. Then there are countless of garbage plots which ought also to be cleaned, otherwise the monsoon will soon make them breeding grounds for mosquitoes.

Bandra with its drainage work in progress lies in a deplorable state and the contractors would be well advised to take every care to avoid the drains sinking, which caused a lot of damages last year to public limb and property.

Khar has quite a number of stables on low lying lands which, after the first shower, will, I am sure, prove a nuisance and the small patches of water that will accumulate will send an odour that will fill the whole vicinity. The removal of these stables from these low lying spots would not be a bad idea.

To rectify all these defects, the Suburban Municipalities, ought to start, if they have not done so yet, a premonsoon campaign to prepare for the heavy rains. This is very necessary.

BANDRA SLAUGHTER HOUSE IDLE

Bandra slaughter house remained idle from Tuesday evening and yesterday. No mutton was available throughout the suburban area.

On Tuesday evening a meeting of the dealers was held at the slaughter house premises which was very largely attended.

Resolutions were passed putting forward their demands and grievances and asking the dealers to continue this strike till their demands were met.

The strike is I am told to continue till a settlement is arrived. The total number of idle hands at the slaughter house is at present about 500.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VIC. TERMINUS.

Following are the timings at Victoria Terminus on and from April 1, 1937:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) .		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express ..	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Following are the Mail, Express and Passenger Train timings in force from April 20, 1937, from Bombay Central:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 55	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 20
Kathiawar Express ..	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger ...	21 10	8 55
The Flying Ranee on Monday	9 47	
The Flying Ranee on Saturday.		15 10

THE INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

A special day is reserved for ladies at the Swadeshi Exhibition behind Marine Lines Station, with attractive programmes, on 21st instant, (Friday) from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

Bukhari To Preside Over Peasant Conference

The Reception Committee of the Peasants Conference to be held at Esoda (East Khandesh) on the 25th instant has unanimously elected Comrade J Bukhari as the president of the conference

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ALFRED HITCHCOCK
Has surpassed himself in
"SABOTAGE"
His greatest thriller,
starring:
SYLVIA SIDNEY,
OSCAR HOMOLKA.

BE THE FIRST TO SEE THE
CORONATION
in all its POMP and CEREMONY
TO-NIGHT AT
CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Murder on the High Seas!

THOUSANDS BENEFIT
after
Taking this Famous Medicine
THE REASON
Innumerable complaints are due to blood impurities; Clarke's Blood Mixture removes the poison from the blood, increases resistance against disease, and restores health and vitality.
DON'T WAIT until blood impurities have ruined your health and lowered your vitality. Don't wait until they have damaged your heart and arteries—making you look older than your years.
Take Clarke's Blood Mixture now and avoid suffering.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY MAY 20, 1937

SUMMON LEGISLATURES

The U. P. Governor's reply to Babu Purshotamdas Tandon's letter forwarding the resolutions passed by the recent meeting of the members of the local Legislative Assembly is an unconvincing, though courteously worded, defence of his action in forming a ministry from among minority parties and in not yet summoning a meeting of the Assembly. The gist of the letter is that the Congress Party itself is responsible for the present deadlock "which follows directly" from its decision not to accept office, that he formed a ministry without summoning the legislature to avoid a worse deadlock and that he would convene the legislature after the ministry has had a fair time to work out in detail its programme and the Congress party itself has had sufficient time to reconsider the decision. Even if it is conceded that the Governor's policy in this matter was paved with good intentions, they do not justify what is manifestly unconstitutional. The Congress Party's refusal to accept office, whatever its critics might think of its propriety, was certainly constitutional. But that cannot be said of the Governor's conduct which was neither constitutional nor the direct consequence of Congress action in the sense of being inevitable It was open to him to follow the express provisions of the Constitution by taking over the administration into his own hands or calling a fresh election. It was indeed his duty to follow either of these courses or both.

A Canard Exposed

Unconstitutional as was his conduct in forming the present ministry more so was his studied refusal to summon the legislature. Even now he refuses to do so not only till the ministry has had enough time to work out its programme in detail but also till the "members of the Legislature have had ample time to consider the constitutional issues from all aspects and without haste." As there is no chance of the Congress reconsidering its policy in this matter. It appears that in U. P. as in the other provinces similarly circumstanced the Governors would summon the legislatures only when the maximum period they are allowed to do without them has nearly expired. And meanwhile the Governments would continue their anti-Congress propaganda with all possible intensity. A part of this propaganda is to attempt to divide the Congress party by, among other ways, starting a canard that many Congressmen are against the attitude taken up by the Party. To this class belong the rumours circulated in Ootacamund that many Madras Congressmen have written to Gandhiji suggesting that Congressmen should take up office. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, who should certainly have known if there were any such "bona-fide" letters, has promptly exposed the canard. And it is certainly curious, as he says, that these rumours were set afloat from Ootacamund where there are no majority of Congressmen but only minority ministers. Anti-Congress propaganda is fore-doomed to failure, as is amply demonstrated by, among other signs, the splendid success of the Congress at by-elections.

Futile Threats

The Europeans in India are carrying on an anti-Congress campaign in their own way. They cannot bear the idea that, though out of office Congress has the whip-hand of the situation. But a few days ago the Europeans in Bengal called upon the Governors not to make any concessions to the Congress. Now one Mr. W. K. M. Langley, Chairman of the Madras European Association, addressing the Nilgiri Circle of the Association, has invoked full official wrath on the Congress: no more time, he says, should be lost in summoning the legislatures and "giving Congress its final opportunity to accept responsibility." He has himself "little doubt about the result." So he says: "If the Governor is compelled to take over, it is to be hoped that we shall not suffer from the half measures, which have been adopted in the past. Any such action should involve the dissolution of the Legislature and a definite period laid down for the exercise of the Governor's special functions. We want no cat and mouse business, and Parliament will be required to sanction an extended period for carrying on the Government by permanent officials." If at any time words like these unnerved any section of Indians those days are happily gone for good. Indians now only smile at such threats. Congress in fact wants the Governors "to take over" with the help of permanent officials rather than with bogus ministries. That is precisely the way in which it seeks to wreck the Constitution at any rate in the first round. Congress, too, is tired of compromises, this "cat and mouse business." If Mr. Langley thinks that the country will now tolerate the dictatorship of Governors, he will not be long in being undeceived. We shall not discuss here the turn which the present constitutional fight will inevitably take in the near future and how it will affect the status of European exploiters in India. For the present we shall only join the Europeans wholeheartedly in their demand that no more time should be lost in summoning the legislatures.

Whose Responsibility?

Speaking with that solemn affectation of earnestness for which Mr. Baldwin has become world famous, the British Premier told the Empire Youth—Indian youth was duly represented by Sir Firoz Khan Noon!—at Albert Hall some grave truths that are facing the world to-day. There is not the slightest doubt that "Europe stands at armed attention to-day" and there is not the slightest doubt that Democracy is threatened with extinction. But all this is exactly what the critics of Britain's "National" Government have been saying. For, who is responsible for allowing the present situation to develop? Most certainly the "National" statesmen of Great Britain. They have been consistently encouraging Nazi Germany to rearm and to threaten the peace of Europe. They encouraged Italy by suddenly surrendering to her and fatally betraying the principle of collective security which alone could save the world and democracy. With equal cynicism they betrayed Democracy in Spain where it is gallantly fighting Mr. Baldwin's battle—with its back to the wall. They knew that militarism and aggression were the very life-breath of International Fascism. And knowing they retreated. They wanted—these practical statesmen—to "face realities." Now, thanks to them, the world is compelled to face the big Reality to which Mr. Baldwin refers.

General Smuts is perfectly right in saying: "Humanity has struck its tents and is once more on the march, but it is not certain whether it will march forward to the promised land or backwards to the wilderness of suffering and sorrow." The tragedy of the world is that men like Mr. Baldwin should quote this truth with complacent sanctimoniousness and not even blush for their own original sin. On a par is the hypocrisy of the observation "Individual freedom which was to have been the fruit of victory in the last war is again in jeopardy, because it has been taken from common men in other lands." How true! And yet does Mr. Baldwin remember a land within the Empire—India—which is ruled by Criminal Law Amendment Acts, executive Regulations and the like? He naturally does not. Mr. Baldwin is a British Imperial Democrat.

INDIAN COMPANIES ACT

Review Of Important Changes.

(By S. G. VELINKAR.)

I.

The Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, (XSII of 1936) was enacted after long and careful deliberation to consolidate and amend the law relating to trading companies and other associations.

It came into operation on 15th January 1937. It is based principally on the English Companies Act 1929 and has modified the Indian Companies Act, 1913, so vastly that every person who has to manage or advise a Company must make up his mind not to rely on his previous knowledge or experience of that Act and the practice under it, however thorough or long standing, if he wishes to avoid falling into serious errors. This note of warning I am sounding at the very outset and I hope it will be carefully borne in mind.

The only and safe course, therefore, is to turn up the relative section of the amended Act of 1936 and proceed according to it.

As the amended Act proceeds on the same lines as the English Companies Act of 1929, English precedents will be useful in interpreting it.

This series of articles is not intended to epitomize the Indian Companies Act as it stands at present. It is rather intended to be what may be called a "Danger Signal" to caution all who may have occasion to use it to the alterations and modifications introduced by it, very succinctly, but effectively.

Managing Agent

"Manager" and "Managing Agents" are defined by S. 2 (9) and (9A). A Director or any other person occupying the position of a Manager by whatever name called whether under contract of service or not is a Manager.

A Managing Agent may be a person, firm or company entitled to the management of the whole affairs of a company by virtue of an agreement with the company and the term includes any person from a company, by whatever name called, occupying such a position. Such a person even if he called himself a Manager is to be regarded as a Managing Agent for the purpose of this Act.

A new definition has been substituted for the old one of a "private company" by S. 2(13). For such a company its Articles must (1) restrict the right to transfer the shares, if any; (2) limit its members to 50, not including persons in the employment of the Company, etc., and (3) prohibit any invitation to the public to subscribe.

The term "Public Company" are defined by S. 2(13A) which has been newly inserted. It means any company incorporated under this Act or any of its predecessors which is not a private company.

An addition is made to the definition of a "share" by Sec. 2 (16) (2)

In the prohibition of partnerships consisting of more than 10 persons contained in S. 4 an exception is made in the case of joint families carrying on a joint family trade or business by S. 4(3) which is new.

Section 9 relating to the Memorandum has been altered. A Memorandum has now to be printed divided into paragraphs and signed by each subscriber in the presence of at least one attesting witness.

In Section 10, which imposes a restriction in the alteration of the conditions contained in a Memorandum a proviso has been added regarding the provision relating to the appointment of a Manager or Managing Agent and other matters of like nature subsidiary to the main objects of the company which are not to be deemed to be a condition in the Memorandum.

In regard to companies registered after the 15th of January, 1937 certain names such as 'Cram', 'Federal', 'Imperial', 'King' 'Queen', 'Royal', etc., shall not be adopted S. 11(3).

A very important change has been made in regard to Articles of Association by S. 17(2) by which regulations 56, 66, 71, 78 to 82, 95, 97, 105, 107 and 112 to 116 in Table A in the first schedule shall be deemed to be contained in all Articles of Association. This provision had recently escaped the attention of a company and created difficulties. It should be carefully noted in future.

By Section 20A which has been newly added no member of a company shall be bound by an alteration made in the Memorandum or Articles of Association after

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 4.)

Our S. African Letter

By P. S. JOSHI

Outburst Of Anti-Indian Prejudice

JOHANNESBURG, April 25.

The present session of Union Parliament has seen virtually a conflagration of anti-Indian prejudice a host of laws have been put on the Statute-Book which affect the Indians adversely one way or other. All departments of administration were, so to say, busy and the Bills passed by the Union Parliament comprise various aspects. The most outstanding is the Marketing Bill, which affects no less than 20,000 Indian farmers in Natal. The second one is the Transvaal Asiatic Land tenure Act Further Amendment Bill, which extends protection for two years to Asiatic illegal occupation on proclaimed land, but empowers Municipalities to set aside areas for Indians and dispenses with the Feetham Commission. Fortunately for Indians, the assurance has been received from the Government that "Unbeneficent Farms Bill" will not be applied to Indians, else small Indian farms would have been expropriated and farmers compelled to quit South Africa through financial circumstances. The other Bills which directly or indirectly affect us are the Immigration Amendment Bill, the Wage Bill, the Industrial Conciliation Bill and the Slums Bill.

Mahatma Gandhi was perfectly right when he said at New Delhi in an interview that "the position was extremely unsatisfactory." that "racial antipathy was undiminished" and that "there can be no rest for the Indians in South Africa till legal status has been secured for Indian settlers throughout the Union."

Support To "Chronicle"

There is an unprinted history behind the withdrawal of the notorious European Women's Employment Restriction Bill, sponsored by General Pienaar and the Transvaal Asiatic Land Bill of Mr. Gropler. These Bills would never have been dropped if India had not put up the brave fight as she did. But we agree with the "Chronicle" that "it is not a victory and the S. A. Indian Congress could not be complimented upon this self-denying ordinance."

The striking fact is that Mr. A. I. Kajee, the spokesman of S. A. I. Congress, was deceived into giving an assurance that they would endeavour to ask those that employ European female labour to dispense with practically all their European employees, as they did not want to be insulted by a legislation It could not be construed as an 'assurance" or "a gentleman's agreement," as it had no binding of the Congress resolution behind it and it had no previous mandate from the Indians The error was undoubtedly committed, but they did not dream for a moment that the words uttered before the Select Committee during the examination would be used in such a way by Mr J H. Hofmeyr, who played his political cards dexterously at the expense of the Indian community

We have, to record, to our shame and sorrow, however, that the Indian leadership was lacking in courage and was haunted by the fear of the humiliating Bill being put on the statute Book The Bill was doomed to failure in view of India's persistent protests and the forthcoming Imperial Conference and Coronation event, but the S A. Indian Congress was nervous and did neither protest nor repudiate the 'assurance' so mischievously used by the Union Cabinet to avert the split and gain their own political ends

Two More Commissions

Although S. A I. Congress has been put into such a humiliating position by the Union Government, the sad tale does not end there. The Government has decided not to give any rest to the Indian community and is contemplating re-actionary moves to further humiliate the Indians and arouse racial feeling by appointing two different commissions.

One commission will confine its attention to mixed marriages and the other to the economic aspect of the matter. It is felt that after an inquiry by the commissions, the Government will be in a position to introduce legislation which will meet the situation more thoroughly.

Need For United Resistance

As far as I can gather, "the economic aspect of the matter" will be 'the inquiry into the Asiatic trade penetration into the Platteland I.e. rural South Africa This is the result of the agitation conducted underhand by Jews who monopolize the trade in cities and want to have no competition in the country districts If the legislation is introduced next session to hit the Asiatic trading, it will sound the death-knell of Indian existence in the Platteland

There will be also a Select Committee to consider the exempted areas on the proclaimed land The municipalities will be consulted and their resolutions will be considered by the Select Committee. Under the circumstances, it can be safely prophesied that the extent of the areas prescribed by the Feathan Commission will be considerably reduced and majority of the Indians at present residing on proclaimed land for a number of years will have no alternative but to segregate themselves into locations

This has happened in three different cases, even at the present juncture The Asiatics living in Prospect Township and Bertrams (suburbs of Johannesburg) shall have to quit those areas and struggle for house accommodation in already over-crowded Asiatic localities A petition has been sent to the Administrator of the Transvaal to prevent these helpless Indians from being thrown off their present residence till housing accommodation is found for them in the city

In a nut-shell, the situation is so critical that it would require the co-ordination of all Indian forces and a mighty passive resistance struggle backed up by India to face for the protection of Indian national rights in the Union of South Africa

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NEW BRITISH CABINET

Details are, of course, still lacking as to the causes that led to the change of Cabinet in Spain. But while it is regrettable that Senor Caballero should cease to be at the head of affairs, there does not appear to be any serious danger to the Government from within. The crisis has practically ended. The Trade Unions are conspicuously absent from the Cabinet of Senor Negrin who was formerly Finance Minister, but, on the other hand, it is satisfactory to note that Socialists and Communists are fully represented and Popular Front has been maintained. The new Government, says a Valencia message, constitutes a swing to the right. But there is nothing alarming in it and it has the supreme advantage of having particularly pleased the Basques. And, considering the present war situation nothing is so invaluable as support and encouragement to them. In practice the new Cabinet should prove a success so far as the main task is concerned, and that is, at the moment, the only task

"NEW ERA" IN BURMA

At one of the functions given in Rangoon in honour of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, prominent among those present were reported to be two Ministers of the new Burma Government also. This, we confess, struck us a rather surprise gesture. But the suprise did not last long. According to a later message the C.I.D. of Burma—and who knows that one of the Ministers, we have referred to, was not in charge of Law and Order?—have been trying to seize all the copies of an address presented to the President at a Political Conference a week earlier. The gesture, therefore, has been more than made up for. British Imperialism has vindicated itself lest Burma and her distinguished guest forgot that the new dispensation was anything but the perpetuation of the old domination with the old characteristic methods.

A HISTORIC JUDGMENT.

The judges of the Supreme Court of Ceylon have once again emphasised the fundamental principle of British law enshrined in the Magna Charta that "no person can be deprived of his liberty except by judicial process," in their judgment in the Bracegirdle case. They have declared the expulsion order passed upon Mr. Bracegirdle by the Governor as "ultra vires", and trenchantly repudiated the contention that the personal liberty of a subject can be invaded arbitrarily at the mere whim of the executive. It will be remembered that the State Council of Ceylon had already taken occasion to condemn the order of the Governor, which has now been proved to be thoroughly unconstitutional. The judgment of the Ceylon Supreme Court has a particular significance to us in India, where our cherished liberties have practically ceased to exist, thanks to a hundred and one ordinary and extraordinary laws. The various emergency enactments have made personal freedom of a subject a mere fiction. The moral of the Bracegirdle case will thus not be lost upon India.

PROPAGANDA THROUGH INTERPELLATIONS

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature, rightly suggests that, as there is no knowing yet when the Assembly will be summoned, its members should at once exercise their rights of making interpellations in order to ventilate popular grievances. If Government send to the members the replies to their interpellations, publicity should be given to them, and if no reply is given, that very fact should be publicly condemned. In any case popular grievances should be fully discussed in the Press and on a hundred platforms, particularly because Government avoid facing the legislature.

UNNECESSARY RESTRICTION

A member of the Frontier Legislative Assembly has given notice of an interesting Bill dispensing with the taking of the Oath of Allegiance by members of local bodies. He contends that the practice which he seeks to abolish was introduced in 1923 in consequence of the Non-Co-operation Movement and may now be safely discontinued. The practice was an unnecessary and unfair restriction even in 1923 and will always be so There is no valid reason why the Oath should be imposed upon any elected member in a Local Body. The Bill in question has not much chance of becoming law in the present legislature under the present Constitution. But propaganda ought nevertheless to be carried on among the public in support of it.

"Poorna Swadeshi"

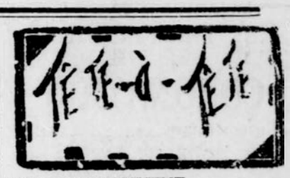
To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have seen the article entitled 'Poorna Swadeshi' by M. J. G., appearing in your issue of the 10th instant, deploring "the almost utter neglect by the Congress of all Swadeshi propaganda" and stating, 'inter alia' that "the Kalbadevi Khadi Bhandar is almost half its 1930-32 size".

I am only restricting myself here to that portion of his letter wherein M. J. G. refers to the A. I. S. A. activities in Bombay, and may take this opportunity of letting him know that the B. P. C. C. has always stood by us and done its best to promote the Sales of Khaddar.

It is also not true to say that "the Kalbadevi Khadi Bhandar is almost half its 1930-32 size". On the contrary we are occupying more space and stocking more varieties than we did in 1930-32. The quality of Khaddar has also improved considerably when compared to that period.—Yours, etc.,

PURUSHOTTAM KANJI,
Secretary,
A.I.S.A., Bombay Branch.
Bombay, May 15.



WITHOUT COMMENT

As a result of the Government of India's efforts, increased interest in rural uplift is generally evident. The Viceroy's personal initiative in the matter has given an added fillip to the campaign. ....."

—Anglo-India.

* * *

According to an Anglo-Indian correspondent, there will be no reception to Mr. Lumley at the Gateway of India since the Governor-Designate will be arriving in the monsoon.

Nonsense. What is the matter with a couple or so of big shamianas, etc? The expenses mustn't count. They will be a very small proportion of the cost of body-guard, band, banquets, balls and other gubernatorial necessities which the Indian tax-payer is only too proud to pay without question.

And anyway the Bombay Corporation led by Sir J. B. Boman-Behram will feel greatly honoured to share the welcome expenses in a proportion commensurate with its high status and most enviable reputation.

* * * *

Believe It Or Not

According to the Governor of U. P. Congress "refusal" to accept the Ministry was a "threat" to "the principle of the constitution" which is "that the Ministry should consist of those who command the support of the majority of members of the Legislature".

And so it was to protect this majority principle that His Excellency "invited those who represent the minority in the legislature to form the Ministry."

Could there be anything more Britannically democratic and constitutional?

* * * *

Yes, there could. The same Excellency "feels it is only fair to the members of the Legislature that they should not reach a decision on the grave Constitutional questions that have arisen until they have had ample time to consider them from all aspects and without haste."

In other words there is a price for summoning the legislatures which members must pay in the shape of changing their principles.

* * * *

Indian Princes On Show

The India Office gave a reception in honour of Indian Princes and other visitors from India and "all the guests were bedecked in regalia, their jewels reflecting in flashes of fire the radiance of the flood-lit courtyard."

Why didn't they open this glory of the Empire to the public with an entrance fee of, say, six-pence?

* * *

A Constitutional Committee has been set up by the Imperial Conference to deal with important questions which arise from the status of Dominion and other nationals.

The Committee, however, "cannot rightly" discuss the position of Indians in South Africa. Evidently that question is both unimportant and irrelevant.

* * *

Another Sub-Committee relates to Shipping and has already started its work.

In this connection it is a pleasant satisfaction to us Indians to recall that—unless we are mistaken—this country will be effectively represented by Sir Leslie Hudson.

* * * *

"The League of Nations had failed to give the world peace and the only guarantee of peace in the world now remained in the hands of a united, contented, peaceful and strong British Empire."

Who said this? No, neither Churchill, Rothermere, Beaverbrook nor Garvin, but Sir Firoz Khan Noon the representative of Young India at an "Empire Youth" rally in London.

* * * *

Our "representative" deserves a G.B.E. (Knight Grand Commander of the order of the British Empire).

We would have insisted on Sir Firoz being awarded the O.M. But the membership of that Order is strictly limited and the vacancy has already been filled by an equally deserving champion of the Empire—the Lord Baden-Powell.

* * * *

"Diplomatic circles, regard Mr Eden's discussions with Field Marshal von Blomberg as most useful."

—London message.

We feared so.

* * * *

"Do you believe in clubs for women?"

"Certainly. But only after kindness has failed."

Europe Stands At Armed Attention

Baldwin's Call To Empire Youth

Defend Democracy Against Assaults From Within And Without

LONDON: May 18.

The big problem of the world in the next quarter of a century will be the problem of Government, said Mr. Baldwin in a loudly applauded address to a rally of the Empire Youths at the Albert Hall.

He admitted that it sounded dull but he exhorted the youngsters to take an interest in Government.

"It is your duty to protect democracy from without and equally from within and maybe you will have to save democracy from itself.

"Our friend General Smuts used a fine phrase: 'Humanity has struck its tents and is once more on the march; but it is uncertain whether it will march forward to the Promised Land or backwards to the wilderness of suffering and sorrow.

"Individual freedom which was to have been the fruit of victory in the last War is again in jeopardy because it has been taken from the common men in other lands. Thus Europe stands at armed attention.

"The doctrine of the divine right of kings has gone; we do not intend to substitute the divine right of States, for no State has ever been worthy of a free man's worship.

"The brotherhood of men is often derided, but the world will find no rest until it acknowledges it as the ultimate wisdom."—Reuter.

BRITISH EMPIRE CAN PRESERVE WORLD PEACE

Firozekhan Noon's Speech At Empire Youth Rally

LONDON, May 18.

Sir Firoz Khan Noon said at the Empire Youth Rally: "We want to bring up the young generation of men and women in the Empire with a spirit of freedom and a desire to have good Government, to preserve peace not only within the Empire but outside."

The League of Nations had failed to give the world peace and the only guarantee of peace in the world now remained in the hands of the united, contented, peaceful and strong British Em[illegible]—Reu-

INTERNATIONAL TRADE PROBLEMS

Comprehensive Agenda Before Berlin Congress Of Chambers

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 19.

Official information has been received here that the biennial Congress of International Chamber of Commerce will be held at Berlin this year from June 28 to July 3. Efforts are being made to make the Congress fully representative of world industry and trade and it is expected that the British Delegation will be drawn up from all parts of the Empire, including India.

The agenda for the Congress includes subjects ranging from high policy down to such technical details as cable rates and trade marks.

THE AGENDA

The principal items, which will be placed before Congress for its decision are: (1) Glut and scarcity of raw materials; (2) Ordered international monetary relations; (3) Economic nationalism; (4) Transport, including highway transport, inland navigation, air and rail transport, and rail, air and sea co-ordination; (5) International telephone, telegraph and postal services; (6) Double taxation; (7) International commercial arbitration; (8) International protection of industrial property, (9) International business agreements; (10) Future markets; (11) Commercial policy, and (12) Custom technique.

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SMALL STATES MERGER

Twenty Five Thakors Ready To Join Proposal

BARODA, (By Mail).

With reference to the already reported merger of small states surrounding Baroda State with Baroda, reliable information now to hand shows that the scheme is already on its way to satisfactory fruition and it is understood three Thakors of Shankeda Mewas have agreed to the merger scheme.

It is stated that up till now about 25 Thakors have expressed their willingness to join the proposed merger with Baroda.—A.P.

FLYING BOAT CRASHES

Seven Killed Outright

ANTIBES, May 19.

Seven people, out of ten aboard were killed when the long distance flying boat "Llore Olivier" crashed, while on trials.—Reuter.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY BYE-ELECTIONS

PATNA, May 19.

The following candidates have filed nomination papers in the bye-election to the Central Assembly caused by the resignation of members elected to the provincial legislature:—

Bihar and Orissa landholders constituency: Maharajabahadur Ramranvijay Prashadsingh of Dumraon.

GENERAL CONSTITUENCIES

Gaya-cum-Monghyr: Gouriprasad Singh (Congress).

Patna-cum-Shahabad, Ramayan Prasad (Congress).

The scrutiny will be held tomorrow, when, if their papers are found valid, these three candidates will be declared elected, being the only candidates to file nominations.—A.P.

Frontier Governor At Abbottabad

ABBOTTABAD, May 19.

The Governor of the Frontier Province arrived here from Nathiagali this morning and presided over the meeting of the Council of Ministers at the Circuit House.

Malik Khuda Baksh, Speaker of the Frontier Legislative Assembly has also arrived.

Khan Bahadur Moghal Bazakhan, Member of the Frontier and Punjab Public Service Commission has also arrived here and will stay here for the summer till the Commission's headquarters are finally fixed.—A. P.

ROOSEVELT'S LATEST

Will Ask Legislature To Enact Maximum Hours And Minimum Wages

WASHINGTON, May 19.

President Roosevelt indicated at the Press Conference that he is sending the Congress in the near future suggestions for legislation on maximum hours and minimum wages.—Reuter.

REFORM OF SUPREME COURT

WASHINGTON, May 19.

The Senate Judiciary Committee which has been considering the Bill for the Reform of the Supreme Court in accordance with Mr. Roosevelt's proposals has voted by 10 to 8 to report the Bill unfavourably to the Senate.

Mr. Ashurst, Chairman of the Committee, admitted that the Bill was at first as "popular as a polecat at a picnic", but declared that the retirement of Mr. Justice Devanter would not affect it, and the Bill would pass both Houses in due course without compromise. —Reuter.

"THE KING & THE CHORUS GIRL"

Picture Produced Two Weeks Before Abdication

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

At the precise moment that Britain is thrilling to the Coronation of George VI, Warner Brothers, the American film company, have decided to release their latest picture—which deals with a King who gives up his crown for an American.

The picture, now crowding a New York theatre, was called "The King and the Chorus Girl." The sole concession made to British taste is a change of title. It will be shown in London as "Romance in Paris."

The star is Belgian Fernand Gravet, whose main qualification for the part is a personal resemblance to the Duke of Windsor—a resemblance enhanced by every possible trick of mannerism, make-up, costumes. He wears a coat with a fur collar. He wears an almost British naval uniform. He lifts his eyebrow in the typical manner of Edward VIII. He fiddles with his tie in the gesture seen in a million news-reels.

Lines from the preliminary publicity for the film include:

"Reign, reign, go away—
H. R. H. wants to play."

"He ain't a gonna reign no more."

"The King's in love; long love the King."

"He turned his throne to a love-seat."

According to Warner Bros. the picture was planned long before the British constitutional crisis, and was in production before King Edward abdicated. It is under that Warners bought the story—written by Norman Krasna and comedian Groucho Marx—last year, when American conversation centred round Edward VIII, and Mrs. Simpson, and went into production 'just two weeks' before the abdication came to pass.

Gravet was educated in London at St. Paul's. He has adopted just a faint trace of Cockney. His vowel sounds reproduce exactly the flattened quality of the Duke's utterance.

FODDER FOR CATTLE

Feeding Centres In Famine Area

(From A Correspondent)

DOHAD, May 19.

To cope with the scarcity of fodder in Dohad and Jhalod, the Bhil Seva Mandal and the Bombay Humanitarian League are importing huge stocks of fodder and are selling grass at four centres at cheaper rate to the peasants. They are feeding 2,000 cattle at 15 mass feeding centres in the interior of the Talukas. They have stored 16,00,000 lbs of grass at cheap rate. A special train containing 30 wagons of grass has arrived from Vangaon. Still more grass is being imported. The cattle relief work on a huge scale by the Humanitarian League and Bhil Seva Mandal has saved a large number of cattle from the jaws of death, relieved poor peasants from anxieties of dark future and created a hope for the next sowing season.

ABUL KALAM FOR CALCUTTA

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad left Allahabad for Calcutta yesterday evening.—United Press.

No Reference To Crown Or Commonwealth

Hundred Amendments To Free State New Draft Constitution

LONDON, May 19.

Nearly a hundred amendments to the Irish Free State Government's new draft Constitution have been tabled by Mr. Frank MacDermot (Independent).

To the preamble of the Constitution which contains no reference to the Crown or Commonwealth, Mr. MacDermot proposes to add "Remembering too that nearly one-quarter of our people are united by ties of blood, tradition and sentiment with Britain, remembering the part played by our forefathers in founding and developing the British Commonwealth, and remembering the security given by membership of that Commonwealth against attacks on our independence from any quarter . . . . ."

Mr. MacDermot also proposes to insert a new article declaring the Free State's free and equal membership as a sovereign State of the British Commonwealth and recognising George the Sixth and successors-at-law as King of Ireland. He proposes to define the President as the representative of the King and replace the name "Fire" by Ireland.—Reuter.

INDIAN COMPANIES ACT

(Continued from Page 6.)

the date on which he became a member in so far as it requires him to take more shares, than those held by him on the date of the alteration or increases his liability to contribute unless he agrees in writing either before or after the alteration is made to be bound thereby.

Under Section 25(1) a copy of the Memorandum and of the articles is required to be sent to every member at his request and within 14 days thereof. This is an addition to the old section. Each default is punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

Companies And Memoranda

A new Section 25A has been inserted by which alteration of Memorandum or Articles is to be noted in every copy issued after the date of the alteration.

Certain alterations in the old section 26 relating to exemption from the use of the word "Limited" in the name of charitable and other companies including those formed to promote religion have been made by the new Act

An innovation has been introduced by S. 31A by which card indexes of the names of the members of a company having more than 50 members have to be maintained and default is made punishable by a fine of Rs. 50.

Alterations have been introduced in S. 32(1) the principal being that every company having a share capital shall 'within 18 months from its incorporation and thereafter' make once at least in every year a list of members. Minor alterations have been made in S. 32(2) (f) and (k) by which a list of the names and addresses of the persons who at the date of the return are Managers or Managing Agents of the Company has to be prepared as also changes in the personnel of the Directors and their dates.

Section 32(4) is new and deals with a private company. It requires that such a company shall send with the annual return a certificate that since the date of the last return or in the case of the first return after incorporation the company has not issued any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures and in case the number of members exceeds 50 the excess come under S. 2(1) clause 13(b). Default is punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 every day of the default.

Transfer Of Shares—

As to transfer of shares an entirely new section has been substituted for the old section 34. This requires to be carefuly studied. The object of this section is this. While leaving a discretion with the Directors to refuse transfer it requires for a transferer or the transferee to transfer application notice by the transferee in the case of an application by the transferer; the use of the proper instrument of transfer required by the company in the case of an application by the transferee and prescribes the time-limit within which an objection by a transferee may be made or a refusal to register a transfer must be communicated (see notes on clauses of the Bill).

By S. 36(1) the index of members has to be kept at the Registered Office of the company which during business hours (subject to reasonable restrictions as the company may impose in general meeting so that no less than two hours in each day be allowed for inspection) shall be open to inspection of any member 'gratis' and to the inspection of any other person on payment of rupee one or less sum as the company may prescribe for each inspection and any such member or person may make extracts therefrom.

(To Be Continued.)

FRONTIER ADVANCE

Bannu Brigade Captures Site 5 Miles South Of Coronation Camp

SIMLA, May 19.

A communique states that on May 18 the Bannu Brigade (Brigadier Maynard) supported by 1|14 Punjab Regiment advanced southwards from the Coronation Camp. The 1|14th Punjab Regiment piquetted the first part of the route and met with some opposition from tribesmen in thick cover. Later in the day further opposition from enemy estimated at 300 to 400 was encountered on both sides of the Sham Algad. By 2 p.m the Brigade had secured a camp site on Sham Algad, about five miles south of Coronation Camp. In the afternoon a camel convoy, which had accompanied the Brigade returned to Kach Camp.

Our casualties, subject to confirmation, were:—

Killed: Indian other ranks 3.

Wounded: Indian other Ranks 17.

The Razmak Brigade (Brigadier Marshal) carried out reconnaissance west of Razmak returning at 11-30 a.m. No enemy was seen Other areas report all quiet.

WAZIRISTAN CASUALTIES

Following are the details of casualties which occurred in Waziristan between May 8 and May 14:—

KILLED:—Second Battalion 11th Royal Sikh Regiment, No. 10848 sepoy Harnam Singh and No 12548 sepoy Kehar Singh; Tohi Scout No. 3881 sepoy Zaman Khan.

WOUNDED: Second Battalion 11th Royal Sikh Regiment No. 8065 Naik Harditt Singh, No. 9645 Lance Naik Bachan Singh, No. 14096 sepoy Joginder Singh, No. 14099 sepoy Sadhu Singh; Second Battalion 6th Gurkha Rifles No. 5589 a Rifileman Kambasingh Gurung; No. 19 A.T. Coy(M) R.I.A.S.C No. 120154 Clerk Chiran Lal; Tochi Scouts Jemadar Amal Said, Jemadar Mohidali, Jemadar Hassandin, No. 611 A Lance Naik Hakimkhan, No. 6826 sepoy Samangul, No. 6074 Zamakhan.—A. P. ter.

MALAYAN GOVT. AND RUBBER PRICES

Governor's Assurance

SINGAPORE, May 19.

A promise that the Malayan Government would do their utmos to maintain rubber at a reasonable level, which he conceived to be nine pence to ten pence was made by the Governor inaugurating a laboratory at Kuala Lumpur. He declared that cheap rubber was the best insurance against synthetic competition, of which he believed thousands of tons were being made.—A. P.

CHHATTARI ON CHIEF SCOUT'S SPEECH

SIMLA, May 19.

The Nawab of Chhattari the Chief Commissioner of the All-India Boy Scouts Association, who is here in connection with the conference of provincial and states commissioners, in a statement to the press says, "the extract from a certain speech said to have been made by Lord Baden Powell in England came to the notice of the conference of provincial and states commissioners. The Indian headquarters are communicating with the Chief Scout to find out the facts They are not prepared to believe that Lord Baden Powell said what has been attributed to him. A few phrases divorced from their context are not enough to form judgment. Therefore they would like the public not to form any judgment about the speech, unless and until they know all the facts about it."—A. P.

MONGHYR EXPLOSION MYSTERY

PATNA, May 19.

Report of a mysterious explosion has been received here from Monghyr.

It is said that the explosion occurred suddenly in the house of one Babulal Mistry in Mahalla Maksupur, injuring four persons including Babulal's son. The injured persons were removed to hospital under arrest.

Further details are lacking.—United Press.

Preparation For Greatest Sea Pageant.

SAMUEL HOARE VISITS "INDUS" AND ADDRESSES INDIAN SHIP'S COMPANY

LONDON, May 19.

The centre of interest in the Coronation festivities has shifted to the Solent. Hundreds of thousands of people are gathering on the Hampshire and Isle of Wight coast for to-morrow's review of the fleet which will be one of the greatest sea pageants in Britain's history. Their Majesties, who arrive at Portsmouth to-night, will board the royal yacht "Victoria" and "Albert" which to-morrow will pass between eight lines of ships from Spithead in the east to Cowes in the west Over 150 warships are assembled, including representatives of foreign powers.

SHIPS ON VIEW.

The British ships comprise nine battleships, two battle-cruisers, fifteen cruisers, five aircraft carriers, fifty-nine flotilla leaders and distroyers, and twenty-two submarines. The biggest ship is the 40,000 ton "Hood" the smallest Estonia's 600 ton submarine The Argentine has sent the largest foreign ship in the 28,000 ton battleship 'Moreno," while France's 26,500 ton battleship "Dunkerque" is the newest and most powerful. Ten British Admirals and six foreign Admirals will fly their flags. Fifty big yachts will be in the pleasure fleet.

THE "INDUS."

Owing to her colour and clean lines the "Indus" is easily identifiable among the hundreds of His Majesty's ships aligned at Spithead awaiting the royal review tomorrow. The "Indus" is specially stationed at the nab lightship, where the royal yafcht "Victoria" and "Albert" is anchoring at 6/15 to-night, remaining almost within hailing distance.

Sir Samuel Hoare paid a special visit to the "Indus" this morning. He was piped aboard and received by Commander Rattray on the quarter deck. The First Lord spent an hour aboard the ship, which he thoroughly inspected. The gun crews went to station. Sir Samuel Hoare's comments being that they were very smart and amazingly good. After inspection the Commander mustered the ship's company. Sir Samuel Hoare, addressing them, said that several years ago as Secretary of State for India one of the things I did was to bring the Royal Indian Navy into being. He added:

HOARE'S SPEECH.

"I have always taken a great interest in its development. It has many centuries of tradition behind it and it has done exceedingly well.

Addressing the men of the "Indus" personally, Sir Samuel Hoare said that in several years they had made great progress in a very short time. "We are glad to meet here so many Indians who have come with so many others from all parts of the Empire. You are makng a new chapter in the history of India for you represent in this great naval formation the Royal Indian Navy. I congratulate you upon the progressive character of your successes. I shall look in future to many more."

Sir Samuel Hoare concluded by hoping that the complement of the "Indus" enjoyed their time in British waters, and emphasised how greatly the British people and the Home Navy enjoyed the presence of the "Indus" in British waters.

The ship's company gave three cheers for Sir Samuel Hoare as he was piped down the gangway—Reuter.

HISTORIC CEREMONY OMITTED

Lord Mayor's Luncheon To King And Queen

LONDON, May 19.

The State Drive of Their Majesties to the City to lunch with the Lord Mayor and the Corporation was cancelled owing to wet weather. Their Majesties used a closed car instead of an open landau. Despite the rain, large crowds gathered on the route hours before Their Majesties left Buckingham Palace at 12-20 p.m. many paying six pence for a seat on the stand.

Eight thousand troops consisting of the Brigade of Guards and the London Territorials lining the route were withdrawn for the return journey owing to the wet, and the historic ceremony at the Temple Bar of the Lord Mayor surrendering the City's pearl sword to the King was omitted.

Over 1,400 guests were at the luncheon, including Queen Mary, Duke and Duchess of Gloucester, Duke and Duchess of Kent, Princess Royal, the Earl of Harewood and Prince Arthur of Connaught. The King was in the uniform of a Field Marshal and the Queen wore a coat of gold lace trimmed with fur and a small beige hat.

The weather cleared up for the return journey which was made via the embankment through cheering crowds.

Among the guests were Indian Princes, Foreign Ambassadors, members of the Cabinet and over-sea Premiers. The announcement of the arrival of each guest was greeted with a round of applause which was specially loud in the case of Mr. Baldwin.—Reuter.

NO SPEECHES, BUT ONLY TOASTS

The Guildhall had a magnificent setting. Lights flashed upon the City's famous goldplate, shining glass and silver cutlery. On the raised dais were two gilded thrones backed by a white screen bearing the royal arms. On either side, were the chairs at the table for the members of the Royal family. On the broad table at which the King and Queen were sitting, were four huge golden candelabra and on each side were magnificent gold loving cups. All along the table bowls of red and white flowers had been arranged, and behind the table in the corners were piled high red and white bush roses with bases of light blue and white hydrangeas, Queen Mary's favourite flowers The Queen was sitting on the right of the King with the Lord Mayor beside her and the Lady Mayoress on the left of the King. There were no speeches, but there were three toasts, namely the King, the Queen and Queen Mary and other members of the Royal Family, the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR'S MALAYA PROGRAMME

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

The A.I.C.C. Office has received the following telegram from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, from Rangoon:—

"Sailing from Penang tomorrow. Staying at Malaya till June 5. Reaching Calcutta on June 10."—A.P.

POONA TEMPLE SATYAGRAHA

Sjt. Deo To Issue Statement Clarifying Issues

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, May 18.

Syt. Shankarrao Deo, who arrived here yesterday, said that he had not read the comment that appeared in Press over his statement issued in connection with the Sonya Maruti question. He would, he said, very much likely issue another statement in the same connection in reply to points raised by others over his statement.

Worth Interesting!

THE CROWN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, one of the best Companies in the world, very popular for its most Attractive and Liberal Policy-conditions and privileges, coupled with lower premium rates, desires to consider appointments of honest and really capable persons as Agents or District Agents in the places hitherto unrepresented.

Those interested should kindly communicate with: T. W. Brough.. Chief Agent for India

CROWN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

Head Office for India:
12, Rampart Row,
Fort, Bombay.

Serious Lacuna In Insurance Bill

Definition Of "Insurer" Needs Clarification

COMMERCIAL OPINION DEFENDS MANAGING AGENCY SYSTEM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, May 19.

It is understood that commercial opinion on the Insurance Bill, which is now pending before the Assembly and the Select Committee on which is expected to meet here early in August is now being received by Government of India.

In Defence Of Managing Agency

Opinions so far received show that the main opposition from representatives of commercial bodies in the Assembly will be directed against the proposal to abolish the Managing Agency System. It is maintained that provision in this regard could be easily evaded and abolition of system is likely to prove detrimental to the interests of companies now having Managing Agents.

Need Of Reform

It is, however, admitted that certain features in the system call for reform but the benefits of the system outweigh the disadvantages.

GOVT. vs. TRUSTEE SECURITIES

Objection is also taken against Clause 23 which makes obligatory on Insurance companies to keep invested certain percentage of their assets in Government Securities. Opinion expressed is that Trustee Securities possess more or less gilt-edged character and yield higher rate of interest than Government securities. It is therefore, urged that insurance companies be allowed to invest in trustee securities instead of in Government Securities.

Moreover it is suggested that Sub-clause 2 of Clause 23 be deleted and all insurers, instead be required to keep not less than 33 1/3 per cent of their total assets in respect of their Indian business in Indian Trustee Securities and keep invested every year this proportion of their assets.

So far as Indian business of foreign companies is concerned, it is urged that in case of difficulty in ascertaining the share, the insurer should be called upon to furnish particulars to the Superintendent

NEED OF SAFEGUARDS

Consensus of commercial opinion is opposed to vesting of extensive powers on Superintendent. Although it is felt extensive powers, conferred upon him by the Bill, will be necessary to enforce conformity with the provisions of the Bill, in case of a few insurers safeguards against their arbitratory and unjustified exercise must be devised to protect insurers from possible harassment. The Bill provides an appeal to Court, but in view of the expenses involved, it is suggested that Superintendent's objection to any return furnished by the insurer should be stated in writing and in precise terms communicated to the insurers through their auditors. Where not being convinced by auditor's explanations, the Superintendent may order a second Acturial valuation which if it estabishes substantial correctness in accuracy of original valuation of the cost of second valuation be borne by Government.

"Pari Pasu" it is urged that people desiring investigation into the affairs of an insurer should have reasonably substantial interest in the company. It is therefore, suggested that in case of twenty policy holders their policies should be of total value of not less than Rs. 50,000 Similarly it is suggested that the power of applying for winding up by Court be placed in the hands of policy holders having policies of value not less than Rs. 50,000.

SERIOUS LACUNA

A serious lacuna is pointed out in the definition of the term insurer, which at best does not appear to cover insurance companies or firms, which are registered or established outside British India, but which carry on business in British India, through an agent. The definition expressly excludes insurance agents and it is regarded doubtful whether an insurer, having his principal place of business outside British India, but who merely has an insurance agent in British India to procure business for him, be subject to control of the Bill. It is further argued that the Bill clearly refers to carrying on business on British India and does not apply to business with British India.

The definition of "insurer", therefore, is regarded incomplete and a suggestion has been made to include within its perview even the insurer, who carries on business with British India.

MAKE IT RETROSPECTIVE

Similarly objection has been taken to that provision in the Bill which applies only to insurance firms or companies established or registered in British India after December 31 1936. It is urged that the clause should have retrospective effect and apply to all insurers, whether carrying on business before or after December 31, 1936.

Another amendment suggested is that in case of insurance business other than that of life, venue of legal action be determined by the provision contained in the policy itself.

NAVA-BHARAT VIDYALAYA

Shriman Narayan Agarwal the Organising Secretary of the Marwari Educational Society, Wardha writes:

In order to give a more broad name to the institution, harmonising with the present national atmosphere of the country, the Marwari Educational Society (Marwari Shiksha Mandal) has changed the name of 'Marwari Vidyalaya' into 'Nava-Bharat Vidyalaya' from 1st May 1937.

An effort to reorganise the Indian educational system according to the needs and culture of our country, is being made in the Vidyalaya. It is mainly due to the want of vocational training, that unemployment is increasing by leaps and bounds in the country. Vocational instruction, therefore, has been started in the Vidyalaya. The various handicrafts and industries taught are spinning, weaving, tailoring, carpentry, paper-making, wood-painting, clay and card-board modelling, gardening and elementry agriculture, soap-making, leather work, etc.

Besides other subjects, there is provision for Commerce also upto the Matriculation standard. In addition to the ordinary recognised Course, Hindi and Marathi shorthand and typewriting, and Hindustani Accountancy system shall also be taught from the forthcoming session.

B. B. C. I. WORKERS PROTEST

Against Want Of Banking Facilities At Ajmer

(From A Correspondent)

AJMER, May 19.

A meeting of workmen of the local B.B. & C.I. Railway Workshop, Ajmer, strongly protested against the attitude of authorities of the Jackson Co-operative Bank Ltd for not opening a branch in Ajmer for Meter Gauge Staff and for not holding general meetings in Ajmer and Bombay.

Ghazi M. Moiuddin was in the chair.

NO OPPOSITION TO CONGRESS NOMINEES

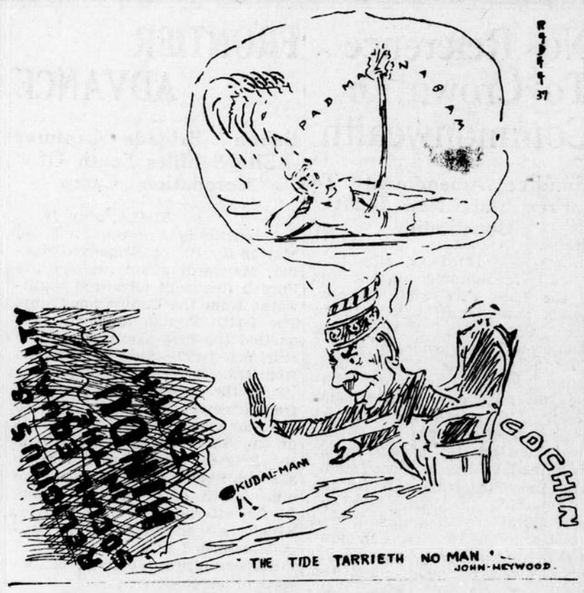
(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, May 19.

Before Mr. Swanzy, I.C.S., Commissioner, Patna Division, Mr. Gaurishankar Singh, Congress candidate, filed nomination for election to Central Assembly from Gaya-cum-Monghyr constituency for the seat rendered vacant by the resignation of Babu Sri Krishna Sinha leader of the Congress Party in the Bihar Assembly.

Mr. Ramayan Prasad, Congress candidate has filed nomination from the Patna-cum-Shahabad constituency for the seat in the Central Assembly, rendered vacant by the resignation of Babu Anugrah Narayan Singha.

No other nominations being filed they are to be declared duly elected to-morrow.



Heat Wave Sweeps Over Sind

Naushera & Jacobabad Record Highest Temperature

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, May 19.

Reports from districts show that Sind is in grip of heat-wave resulting in a few fatal cases. High temperatures have been recorded at several centres, that of Karachi being 102 degrees. The highest temperature recorded at Naushera is 119 degrees and Jacobabad 118 degrees.

Sukkur Fatalities

In Sukkur one person is reported to have died of heatstroke, while two more deaths are also ascribed to heatwave.

This heatwave is expected to continue for sometime.

ASSURANCE TO CONGRESS R. C.

Surat Worker Will Enrol Thousand Members

SURAT, (By Mail.)

An undertaking to get 1,000 members of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Haripura Congress session has been made by a Surat Congress worker, Sjt. Chhotubhai Mariatia, and in accordance with that Mr. Marfatia has made preparations for an enrolment campaign .—A. P.

RAINS MAR CORONATION MELA

SIMLA, May 19.

Torrential rains marred the Grand Coronation Mela, which was arranged by the Punjab Government on Anandale Ground. Their Excellencies the Viceroy, the Governor of the Punjab and the Commander-in-Chief and other high officials and Ruling Princes of the Hill States were expected to attend.

Various events, which were in progress, had to be abruptly abandoned. But an important event, namely wrestling, for which well-known wrestlers from various parts of the country had been invited has been postponed till Sunday afternoon.—A. P.

BENGAL PREMIER ON JUTE LABOUR SITUATION

CALCUTTA, May 19.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, has been granting interviews to Labour leaders and discussing with them the Labour situation.

He proposes to meet representatives of the Jute Mills Association at an early date. Meanwhile he is hopeful that the situation will not go out of control. He expects that good relations between employers and employees, which was restored following the calling off of the strike will not be disturbed and the assurance given on behalf of the Government will be honoured by all the parties concerned.—A.P.

SWARAJ ASHRAM RESTORED

Last "Congress House" In Gujarat Handed Over To Dhandhuka T. C. C. Chief

DHOLERA, May 19.

Mr. Nandlal Jivanlal Thakkar wires:—

The Inspector of Police handed over the Swaraj Ashram or the Congress House of Dholera to Sjt. Ishvarlal Vyas, the President, Dhandhuka Taluka Samiti. The building, which five years ago hummed with scores of spinning wheels, weaving looms, a rural dispensary and a library of rare collections and other sundries necessary for the twenty resident Congress workers, is now entirely empty and and in a dilapidated condition. Thanks to the then local officers, nothing can be traced. This is perhaps the last Congress house of Gujarat to be restored.

DOUBLE BLOW TO INDIAN SUGAR

Protest Against Ban On Export And Excise Duty

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

The Officiating Secretary, Indian Sugar Mills Association, writes:

Sardar Kripal Singh Majithia, President, Indian Sugar Mills Association, in a statement issued to the Press in connection with the reported decision of the International Sugar Conference prohibiting Indian seaborne exports of sugar except to Burma says:—

The problem of over-production of sugar in India is already causing great anxiety to all concerned. It is, indeed, deplorable that the Government of this country, instead of rescuing the Industry from its present difficulties, have not only failed to secure proper representation for the Indian Sugar Industry on the London Sugar Conference but appear to have done little to protect the Industry's interests through their official representative.

NEED OF OUTLET

Whereas on one side they have increased the Excise Duty on Sugar against all opposition on the other they now deny export facilities to the Industry. Only recently the Government asked factories to help the cultivators by prolonging the season involving danger of over-production and, therefore, it was only just that some relief ought to have been given to the Industry by finding export markets.

It is hoped that the Government will carefully consider the position and will help the Industry and the cultivators by doing everythng in their power to find means for the disposal of the stocks of Indian sugar at an economic price.

In view of the mosquito pest in and around the city of Junagadh, a sanitary survey will be made under the supervision of the Chief Medical Officer, assisted by the Junagadh State Engineer and the President of Junagadh City Municipality.

PT. NEHRU'S TRIUMPHAT TOUR IN BURMA

(Continued from Page 1.)

Fabians and to the prominent Burmese journalists.

At 7 a.m. to-day he left for Yenangyaung by air.—A. P.

HINDU-MUSLIM PROBLEM

RANGOON, May 14.
(By Air Mail.)

That the question of Hindu-when he replied to the address of Welcome presented by the Rangoon Muslim Students Society.

The Pandit continued that the Hindu-Muslim problem was essentially a political one. When closely examined, it resolved itself merely into the claims of the minority communities—Muslims, Sikhs and others who obtained greater representation in Legislature greater rights and more posts in Government services. When the problem was examined in the light of such all-India problems as the poverty of the majority of the people in India, the problem of the educated unemployed and the problem of Imperial preference in trade and Commerce, the political issue between the Congress and the minority communities appeared to be of utter insignificance. He therefore appealed to discard all narrow political ideas and to replace them with an ernest desire to tackle problems of much greater significance. The Pandit also stressed on the fact that the belief that the Congress was now for the first time trying to win over Mussalmans was not correct. Congress had received much support in the past from many well-known Mussalman leaders. He was ashamed, however, that during the last general elections, Congress had not been able to field more Muslims amongst its candidates. Had this been done, a good deal of misunderstanding would have disappeared.—A. P.

ADDRESSES GALORE AT PROME

RANGOON, May 17.
(By Air Mail.)

During his whirlwind tour of Burma, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left on Friday morning by air for Prome where a fitting reception was accorded by Indian and Burmese citizens.

On arrival the Pandit was met by U Ba U, Chairman of the Reception Committee and the distinguished guest was taken in a procession to the platform of the Shwe San Daw Pagoda. On the Pagoda platform, three addresses, one from the Municipal Committee, second from the citizens and the third from the Prome Do Bama (Burma for Burmans) League were presented to him.

After reception he made an eloquent reply, visited the Pagoda and flew back to Rangoon in time to attend the Tea Party of the Ladies Monday Afternoon Club. From there he drove straight on to Jubilee Hall to attend the Chettyars Tea Party.

Later in the evening at the mass meeting no less than fifteen addresses of welcome were presented to him by various Indian organizations and associations.—A. P.

NEHRU'S TALK TO CHETTYARS

RANGOON, May 17.
(By Air Mail).

That the exploitation of workers by capitalists was a ruinous policy and that the Chettyars must adopt themselves to the changed conditions of the world to-day, were the advices given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru replying to the address of Welcome presented by the Nattukkottai Chettyars' Association at the Jubilee Hall on Friday last at a Tea Party.

The Pandit continued: "You belong to a group which is not a very popular group in the world to-day. You represent capitalist class. You belong to a group which has large vested interests. You are being affected by the changes in world conditions as well as by the changes in India and Burma. Therefore you must fit in to those changed conditions though that fitting in will be a sacrifice."

The Chettyars were right when they said that Indian capital developed Burma. Burma might invite foreign help, capitals and experts, but those foreign help and capital must be utilised in the interest of Burma.—A. P.

UNITED FRONT FOR LABOUR

RANGOON, May 17.
(By Air Mail).

That the exploitation of labour could only be checked by presenting a united front and that Indian labourers in Rangoon and in Burma must identify themselves with Burmese workers to live in peace and prosperity, were the advice given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in reply to the Address of Welcome presented to him by the Indian labourers in Rangoon last night at Dufferin Park.

Forty thousand people including ladies and sprinkling of Burmans listened to the speech of the Congress President.

The Pandit said that it was labour that enabled a country to flourish and prosper; but it was the unfortunate exploitation of them that did not bring any share of the prosperity to them. They remained underfed and underclothed. Therefore, to remove that poverty all labourers in Burma, irrespective of racial differences must form a strong Trade Union, so that not only the exploiters but also Government would hear the voice of the labour and would accede to their demands. He appealed for unity among Indian and Burmese labour and advised them to merge all individual labour unions into one, to strengthen their position and to solidify their demands. He deplored the housing condition of labourers in Rangoon and urged for the removal of maistry system. In this connection he exposed the pitiable condition of the jute workers of Bengal.

Continuing he said that in the address it was mentioned that he should ask the Congress to approach the Government of India to negotiate with the Government of Burma to appoint an Agent-General for Indian Labour. The Congress could not do that because, Congress never begged anything from Government. The resolution to this question depended on unity amongst labour.—A. P.

WORLD TOURISTS RETURN

MADRAS, May 17.

Mr. Bimal Mukerji who started with three others for a tour of the world on bicycle eleven years ago has just returned to India after completing a very exciting and strenuous tour along a route which has probably never been followed by any traveller before namely—Peiping to Singapore.

While on the Continent of Europe, Mr. Mukerji had opportunity of meeting leading personalities there and lately he had the honour of being received by President Roosevelt of America and also by General Chiang Kai Shek in China. From Madras Mr. Mukerji will proceed on to Calcutta via Ganjam, Berhampore which is his birthplace.—A. P.

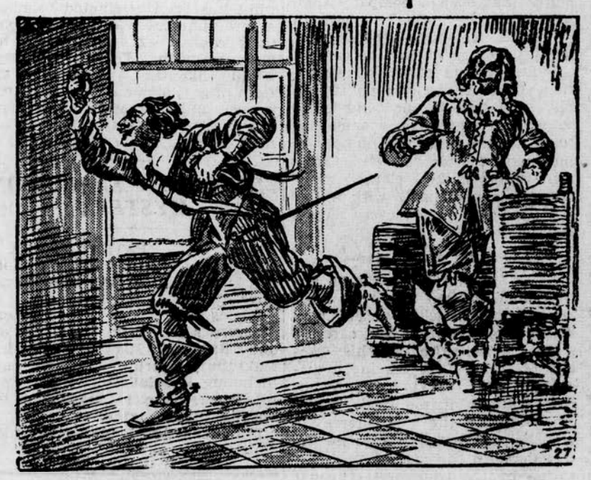
SURAT VAIDYA'S MUNIFICENCE

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, May 19.

Vaid Bhanabhai of Surat died at ripe old age of 80. The deceased through his will has left one lakh of rupees for propagation of Aryan culture. Raja Narayanlal Pitti of Bombay and Pandit Anandpriyaji, Baroda, President and Secretary Aryakumar Mahasabha, Baroda, have been appointed trustees and executors of the will.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS



THERE HE IS.

D'Artagnam stated his ardent desire to become a musketeer.

According to his Majesty's decision it is a condition that, to attain the musketeer's uniform, a man must have been in one campaign or have served for two years in some other regiment.

D'Artagnan, who missed his letter of introduction, now related the adventure at Meung and described the haughty nobleman with such minuteness that M. de Treville at once thought of the emissary of the cardinal and as he liked the youth, he at once seated himself to write him a letter of recommendation. But D'Artagnan, who in the meantime had been looking out of the window, suddenly rushed out of the room crying "There he is; this time he shall not escape me."

A COLLISION!

When d'Artagnan was darting down the stairs he ran against a musketeer who was coming from M. de Treville's private entrance.

"I beg your pardon, I am in a hurry," D'Artagnan cried endeavouring to resume his course, but in the next moment he was seized by a hand of iron.

"Do you think you can treat us like that because you have heard M. de Theville scold us?

"I did not do it intentionally, my faith, I am in a hurry, let me go."

"My name is Athos—even if you are in a hurry you will surely be able to meet me near Carmes-Deschaux about noon."

"Good, I will be there," cried D'Artagnan and rushed on.

Dealers Observe Hartal

C. P. M. Orders Transfer: Test Case On Saturday

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Esplanade Court was packed to the full by 500 mutton-dealers on strike, who marched to the Court from the Crawford Market, and occupied every available inch of space, nearly an hour and a half before Court time. It was a mass of Fez-caps all round the Court.

Cries of "Allaho Akbar" and "Inquilab Zindabad" were raised by the processionists who marched in quite an orderly fashion in the course of their March. Good police bandobust was made near the Court premises.

Cases Against Dealers.

The cases in which Abdul Rahim Mahboob and 19 others were charged for conducting Mutton, Kena (liver and brain) and Mince-meat stalls without obtaining license from the Municipality in furtherance of their trade at the Adamji Peerbhoy Market came up before the Honorary Presidency Magistrates at Esplanade this morning.

The cases were taken collectively.

The Counsel for defence represented that some legal points were involved in the case and as such the Court should adjourn the cases giving ample time for the accused.

The Counsel for the Municipality opposed the adjournment in the interest of the public who suffer by the strike declared by the Mutton-Dealers Union from to-day. If the strike is called off, he had no objection for the adjournment.

The Court asked why adjournment should be given as sufficient time had already been afforded to the dealers by the Municipality.

The Counsel for the accused submitted that they were still negotiating with the Municipality to arrive at an amicable settlement.

The Counsel for the Municipality said that the strike was precipitately launched and they came to know of it only on May 10th. He again said that the strike should be called off in the interests of the public.

On an enquiry from the Court whether the strike would be called off, in which event an adjournment will be granted, the Counsel for the defence said that calling off the strike was not within his province. Anyhow such a query could not be answered off-hand without a conference with those concerned. He was also interested as a citizen in a quick termination of the strike. If the Court thought that they could not grant adjournment, he would fall back on his right of pressing for a transfer of the case.

The Counsel of the Municipality questioned the grounds for transfer. Since the counsel on the other side failed to get an adjournment, he was resorting to it as a last resource

Counsel for the defence objecting said he could not disclose his line of procedure then and there. However, he would say that legal points are involved in the case.

Counsel for the Municipality asked whether his friend could not consult the Union Secretary, Mr. Jhabwala, who was present in the Court, about calling off the strike.

The defence counsel said he was appearing for the accused and the matter rested with him. Mr. Jhabwala was a layman as far as the law was concerned.

At the course (adjournment) suggested by the counsel for the accused did not seem feasible for the bench, the counsel prayed for adjournment to move a transfer petition before the chief Presidency Magistrate.

In view of this, the case was adjourned till to-morrow to enable the moving of petition of the transfer before the Chief Presidency Magistrate during the course of the day.

Summons were taken in 71 cases by the Municipality out of which 68 were served and 8 of these will come up in the Mazagaon Court to-morrow, the rest twenty-three being in Esplanade to-day. Out of the 23 at the Esplanade in 2 cases summon could not be served. In another case the person concerned is dead. In all 20 cases were launched.

Strike Meeting

After the adjournment of the case (at Esplanade) the strikers met in the maidan opposite, where Mr. Jhabwala exhorted them to keep firm and conduct themselves peacefully, after explaining to them the court proceedings.

Messrs. E. Franklin De Souza, P. N. Godinho, and Abdul Rahman Bharucha appeared for the accused and Mr. P. M. Clubwalla appeared for the Municipality.

C. P. M. ORDERS TRANSFER

Test Case On Saturday

A test case, whether the increase in the licence fee of the mutton shop is legal under the Bombay Municipal Act, will be decided by Sir H. P. Dastour, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Saturday next.

This is the outcome of a petition filed by a mutton-dealer on Wednesday afternoon in the court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, praying for a transfer of all cases preferred by the Bombay Municipality against the mutton dealers under section 411 (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act III of 1888 as amended to date.

TRANSFER ORDER

Sir H. P. Dastur ordered that all the 72 cases preferred by the Municipality should be transferred to his Court, to be heard by him on Saturday next.

The Magistrate observed that conviction in one case would mean conviction in all the 71 remaining cases and if there would be an acquittal, it would mean the acquittal of all the persons charged under that section.

Application For Transfer

When the Court resumed after lunch, Abdul Rahiman Mahboob filed the application for transfer of his case and similar cases from the court of the Honorary Magistrates to any other court of a Stipendiary Magistrate, having regard to the importance of the case and the legal points, which may be involved.

The offences compendiously described, stated the applicant, were conducting a mutton shop, Kena and mince-meat stalls without a licence on 1st March, 1937, and other dates. 22 of these cases were pending before the Honorary Magistrates, Esplanade Court, and the remaining batch of 48 were to be heard by a Bench of Honorary Magistrates presiding at the Mazagaon Police Court on Thursday (to-day). The Municipality raised the licence fee from Rs. 10 a year to Rs. 25, which the applicant contended was an illegal act.

Grave allegations that "the Court insisted upon compliance with the demand of the Municipality for the immediate termination of the strike as a condition precedent to the grant of the application for a postponement were made by the applicant". That application was rejected by the Presidency Magistrate in the morning.

INDEPENDENT ISSUE

The applicant added that on behalf of the accused he was requested to stress the fact that "the result of the case will have no bearing upon the result of the strike. The issue involved in the strike is a matter between the Municipality and ourselves and its propriety or otherwise, it is respectfully submitted, has no bearing whatever either on the application for a postponement or the issues involved in the prosecution and defence."

REASON FOR TRANSFER

The applicant further added: "Myself and the co-accused felt that the Court (of the Honorary Magistrates) had to consider the application for postponement on its merits and the Court by adopting the attitude it did, gave reasonable grounds for apprehension that it had prejudged the dispute between the accused and the Municipality and that it was bringing its pressure to bear upon the accused to break the strike by directing compliance with the condition precedent insisted upon by the Municipal legal representative. If our understanding of the situation is correct, we have reasonable grounds for apprehension that the Court cannot but entertain a certain amount of prejudice against the accused and therefore, the holding of an impartial enquiry will be greatly compromised, if not imperilled.

"I therefore beg to apply that the above case and the other cases pending in this Court be transferred to such Court as your worship may deem proper to a stipendiary magistrate by preference."

Mr. Clubwalla appearing for the Municipality, said that he wished to explain certain statements made in the course of the application. As the matter was of public importance,—many people in the city had to go without mutton—he was anxious that the cases should be decided as soon as possible. There was no suggestion that the strike should be called off. What he did was that he opposed the adjournment of the case, as the parties concerned had had sufficient notice, the summons having been served on them about a fortnight back.

Both parties agreed to the suggestion by the Court that he would take up the hearing of the cases. And the order was passed transferring all the 72 cases to his Court.

ANDHERI & KURLA TO JOIN STRIKE?

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"Kamela Bandh Hai" is the cry of the Bandra buteners and City Mutton dealers in their struggle against the Bombay Municipality.

The net result is that the hundreds of citizens will have to go without meat to-day.

The strike came into force this morning

The Majlis-a-Amlis met to-day and considered the situation arising out of the beef trade.

It is understood that they will take an emphatic line of action in regard to roping them in.

The slaughter of buffaloes and cows which is going up is causing alarm to the Union authorities in view of the strike that is on.

The Union is also making arrangements to exploit the already favourable situation in distant Andheri and Kurla even to-day.

It is said that there was a spontaneous hartal at the above places this morning.

In all probability the above two places also will fall in the strike area from to-morrow.

A general body meeting of the Mutton Dealers Association is scheduled to meet at Bandra this evening.

Whether the strike will continue for a considerably long time or will terminate in a day or two will depend on the decision of the above cases.

It will be interesting to note that every day 3,000 goats, 40 buffaloes, and 300 cows are slaughtered to cater to the city's needs.

The cattle come from far off Rajputana, Kathiawar and Gujarat. So cattle-dealers of these areas have been advised not to send cattle until further orders by mutton dealers.

Chapter Of Grievances

The grievances of the mutton-dealers are many, the main one being the exorbitant increase of the Municipal rent from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25. It was done without any chance being given to the dealers to have their say.

Another grievance is inadequate arrangements to accommodate cattle when they arrive here, on the "Mandi" day. There is no room in the present folds for water and grass arrangements for cattle which remain undisposed on the bazar day

Usually the folds are huddled up. Cattle also arrive in Bombay in a huddled condition in wagons. The rule in B. B. and C.I. Railway is 75 cattle per bogie, and for the two days journey water and fodder arrangements are thoroughly inadequate. The same fate awaits herds when they arrive in Bombay. A Union official stated that recently, a case in which 4 goats died of suffocation was referred to the B.B. authorities by the Union.

Taxed On All Sides

Heavy taxation by the Municipality in various ways has led to the present impasse. For instance, the dealers are charged high rates for the transportation of meat from Bandra to Bombay. In the words of a Union official, Rs. 10, 20, or 30 even may be reasonable; but the present rate is exorbitant. Circulars to the effect saying "Kamil Bandh Hai" meaning stoppage of work at Bandra have gone round among the fraternity

The Mandi scheduled for Tuesday at Bandra did not come off

Though only 82 stall-holders are directly affected by the new tax the rest of the dealers, a thousand in number, have also joined the strike. Nearly 4,000 people in the trade are out now.

It is stated in the Union quarter that a procession of the strikers is contemplated to-day to march from Crawford Market to Esplanade Court, where the cases are to be heard.

In a conversation with our representative Municipal Market Superintendent said that foul, fish and even beef apart from other things in the market will be available but not mutton.

(Continued from column 7.)

for its resumption in the event of victory over the Municipality.

A Council of action of eight was formed to be in Control of the strike situation.

The Majlis-a-ahmila (Council of Action) is meeting this Morning at the Mahboob Manzil (Near Crawford Market) to consider the situation.

Beef-Dealers Asked To Join Strike

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Resolutions condemning the attitude of the Municipality in regard to the Mutton-Dealers and asking the beef-dealers also to desist from their trade to enable the union to achieve their end quicker were passed at a meeting held by the union at Bandra yesterday evening

A resolution also pointed out the possibility of sympathetic strikes beyond Bombay in case the matter is not settled in good time by the authorities.

The following are the resolutions passed at the meeting.

"This meeting of the Mutton Dealers of Bombay deeply resents the action of the Bombay Municipality in obstinately holding to their resolution of demanding enhanced License fees from the Stall-holders who are unable to pay the same and condemns the action of the Municipal Commissioner in launching proceedings against several of them in the Court of Law."

"This meeting reiterated its resolution to conduct the strike undaunted and undeterred as the only and last measure of direct reply to the high-handedness of the Municipality and the same shall continue till the demand of the Mutton-dealers is fully conceded—namely no enhancement of license fees"

"This meeting puts on record its sense of regret for the information both of Government, Municipality and the public of Bombay that since to-day there has been an increase in the percentage of slaughter of cows and buffaloes and other animals and the public are warned against the surreptitious use of beef etc which may be provided by the authorities during the pendency of the strike."

"This meeting calls upon dealers in beef and other kinds of meat to desist from doing their own trade for otherwise it is bound to protract the struggle of the mutton dealers."

"This meeting without extending a threat to the Municipality warns the same that the strike shall soon be extended beyond Bombay by dealers there who are anxious to extend their sympathy to the cause of the Bombay dealers if it does not see its way to ending the dispute immediately."

"This meeting calls upon all who are interested in the mutton-dealing trade to keep their business suspended till the Union declares

(Continued in Col. 5.)

Genasprin will help you to sleep

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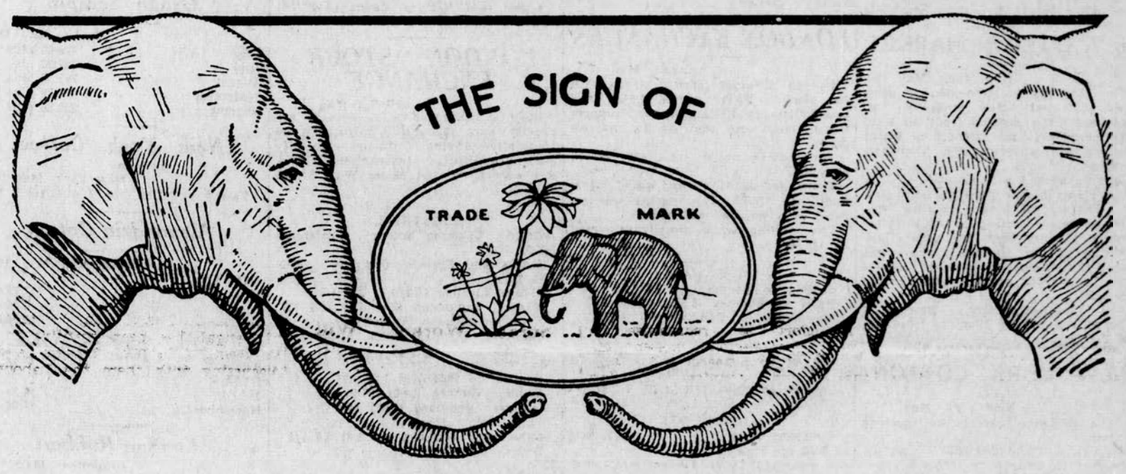
Wise smokers look for the Elephant



BEARS' QUALITY CIGARETTES

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 3 POINTS UP

Bullion Unchanged But Base Metals Wheat And Jute Firm

BOMBAY, May 19

On Wednesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON VERY STEADY

New York cotton opened firm but thereafter prices began to decline. The closing tone was however very steady.

BULLION UNCHANGED

London gold and silver prices were unchanged.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm on good buying orders. Base metals and jute also ruled firm.

SECURITIES STAGNANT

The London Stock Exchange was decidedly better on good speculative support. Giltedged securities were stagnant.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, May 19

Previous closing	12.64
To-day's opening	12.70
Difference	plus 06
To-day's closing	12.67
Difference	plus .03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, May 19

Previous closing	6.96
To-day's opening	7.04
Difference	plus 08
To-day's closing	7.03
Difference	plus 07

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 232
July Augus	Rs. 237
New April May	Rs. 242-12

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 19

The New York cotton market developed somewhat better tendency as there was better demand from the local operators due to the strength of wheat together with covering and lightness of offers.

Trading opened with October at 12.70 i.e. 6 points higher than previous closing. The market tended to rise further on better feeling to 12.71. After trading at this level for some time realising was in evidence which was caused by favourable weather reports and the market eased slightly touching 12.67.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.67 with a rise of 3 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 19

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.63/12.62) 12.84/12.84
October (12.45/12.45) 12.71/12.70
December (12.45/12.45) 12.71/12.70

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 19

American October (6.95) 7.06
American December (6.99) 7.09
Egyptian March (10.16) 10.48
Egyptian May (10.36) 10.68

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 19

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 238 and Rs. 236-12. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 237.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 19

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£22 7/8 paid and value) £23 3/8 paid and buyers
Dunlop May (£25) £25 sellers
Lightning May (£23 1/4) £23 1/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/8 buyers) 10 1/4 buyers
Forward July September (10 5/16 paid and buyers) 10 1/2 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 13/16 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 3/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 19

Liverpool wheat opened with July at 114 1/2 and October 106 3/4. The market ruled firm in response to Chicago and Winnipeg advices and absence of rain in North America. Later prices improved on reports that United Kingdom millers were showing interest.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 19

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.22 1/2. The market was cheerful on bullish foreign and domestic crop news but later declined fractionally to 1.22 3/8.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937.

Bombay. May 19	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 8 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 9 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 9 3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 9 6

May delivery was quoted 0-3-6 lower.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 19

Previous closing	4.94 7/16
To-day's opening	4.94 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94 3/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 19

Previous closing	4.94.40
To-day's opening	4.94.42
To-day's closing	4.94.17

FRANC RATE

London, May 19

Previous closing	110.26
To-day's opening	110.43
To-day's closing	110.66

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 19

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted 4.94.42 and eased little to 4.94.32 on poor support fluctuations were confined to narrow range.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.94.17

Franc opened 110.43 and eased gradually to 110.62. The market was erratic with narrow movements.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 110.66.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/28
Paris on Bombay (8.335) 8.353
New York on Bombay (37.35) 37.34
London on Milan (93.92) 93.91
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 7/8) 0.93
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£249 1/2 buyers £250 sellers. Very steady) £254 buyers £255 sellers. Firm
Lead (£22 9/16 buyers £22 11/16 sellers. Barely steady) £23 9/16 buyers. No sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£64 to £65) £64 to £67
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 19

The following cable information was received from London to night

"India bought. China sold. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, May 19

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 3/8d.	20 3/8d.
Forward	20 7/16d.	20 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 19

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-5 1/2) £7-0-5 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 19

	10 p.m.
Silver ready	52 14 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 15 0
Silver 2nd settlement	53 2 0
Gold ready	34 9 6
Gold 1st settlement	34 9 3
Gold 2nd settlement	34 6 3
Sovereigns	22 2 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 19

Wheat May	5 12 0
Wheat September	5 13 0
Linseed May	8 6 6
Linseed September	8 9 6

The tone was quiet.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 19

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motor (dol 54 3/8) dol 56 1/2
N Copper Mining (dol 48 1/8) dol 50 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 93) dol 96 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 181 1/2) unquoted.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, May 19

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 94-10 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 94-11.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	94 8 0
Highest	94 11 6
Lowest	94 8 0
Closing	94 11 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 19

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £90 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 19

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98) £98
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/2) £90 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110) £110
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107) £105 1/2 Ex Div
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £110 1/2 Ex Div
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £101 1/2 Ex Div

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/2) £108 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 7/8) £76 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 7/8) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 1/8) £101 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £109 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 19

Business improved and markets generally were favourably influenced by speculative buying. Kaffirs especially were prominent. Internationals and oils were firmer on better Wall Street advices.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-0) 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 79-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (£8 1/8) £8 1/8
Musical Industries (20-4 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson (41-6) 40-9
Imperial Chemical (37-9) 37-4 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£94 1/2) £94
Dunlop Rubber (34-0) 34-0
Unilever Ordinary (40-3) 41-4 1/2
Ford Motors (28-6) 28-3
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 1/8
British American Tobacco (126-10 1/2) 127-6
Carreas (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (154-4 1/2) 155-0
P and O S N Company Deferred (32-9) 33-4 1/2
Distillers (114-6) 114-0
Bredfords Dyers (£10 1/8) £9 7/8
British Celanese (£8 3/4) £9
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-3) 49-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-9) 53-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (11-6) 11-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-3) 29-0
Iuter Nickels (59-1 1/2) 61-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (73-9) 72-6
Tata Steel Preference (£106) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (50-6) 50-6
Empire of India (31-6) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (39-6) 39-6
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (36-10 1/2) 38-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-3) 50-0
Burma Corporation (17-3) 17-9
Rio Tintos (£20 1/4) £20 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (58-9) 63-9
Rand Mines (£6 7/8) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
Gedule New (£8 1/8) £8 1/2
New Modders (£28 3/4) £28 3/4
Sub Nigel (£9 7/8) £10 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 32-6
Union Corporation (£7 1/2) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£51 1/4) £53 1/8
Anglo Iranian (120) 124-4 1/2
Burma Oil (115-7 1/2) 117-6
Musical Eagle (20-3) 20-4 1/2
Shell Transport (109-3) 112-6
Royal Dutch (£44 3/8) £43

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£60 1/2) £60 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£30 7/8) £30 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 5/8) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£84) £83 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Rate

Liverpool, May 19

Liverpool wheat May closed at 116 1/2 as against the previous closing rate at 114

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 18

May	114d.
July	112 7/8d.
October	104 7/8d.

New York Sugar

New York, May 18

July	2.44 —2
September	2.44 —2
December	2.45 —1
January	2.37 unchanged

BURST OF ACTIVITY ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 19

The Stock Exchange showed a burst of activity and some of the more speculative counters imparted a much brighter tone to the markets, kaffirs and diamonds especially responding to sustained buying on, Cape, Paris and local account. Leading oils moved up sharply. The rest of the market was generally firm though quiet.

In commodities wheat rallied sharply on reports of unfavourable north American weather. Basemetals also advanced.

Wall Street opened firm

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, May 19

Following are the closing quotations of Ahmedabad share bazar of May 19:

Ashok	367-8
Aryodaya Spinning	211-4
Calico	540-10
Gujarat cotton	30
Jubilee	180
Marsdan	72-8
Motilal Hirabhai	53-12
Monogram	51-14
Rajanagar	331-4

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 18-5-37	6627000	6814000
Receipts yesterday 18-5-37	5000	10000
Exports to date 18-5-37	5217000	5624000
Stock at Ports 14-5-37	1500000	1734000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-5-37	1203000	1690000
Stock at Liverpool 14-5-37	930000	708000
Visible Supply 14-5-37	4242000	4627000
Quantity in sight 14-5-37	12433000	11767000
Quantity out of sight 14-5-37	11443000	10246000

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 19.

May	276.00 plus 310
July	267.30 plus 200
August	265.30 plus 240
September	263.80 plus 260
November	259.80 plus 200

New York Coffee

New York, May 18

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9 1/4

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 18.

SAKELS—	
May	17.79—26
July	18.05—60
November	18.64—37
ASHMOUNI—	
June	16.99—65
August	16.14—06
GIZA—	
July	18.33—51
November	17.06—29

London Rubber

London, May 18

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed pe lb. 10 1/8d. sellers.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 18

May	dol 1.31 3/4
July	dol 1.21 1/2
September	dol 1.19 7/8

MONSOON ACTIVE IN NEIGHBOURHOOD OF CEYLON

POONA, May 19.

The monsoon is still active in the neighbourhood of Ceylon.

The depression over South Punjab and North Rajputana has been weakened.

Thunderstorms have been fairly widespread in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, United Provinces, South-east Punjab and south of the Peninsula. Scattered dust or thunderstorms are also reported from Gujarat, West Deccan, North-West Frontier and Kashmir.

FORECAST:—Thunderstorms are likely to be fairly widespread in Burma and North-east India and local in United Provinces, east and North Punjab, Kashmir and south of the Peninsula. Scattered thunderstorms are also likely in East Central Provinces and east Central India and scattered duststorms in Gujarat and Rajputana. —A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of May 19.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .050 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 84.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 89.8 degrees 1.3 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 81.5 degrees 1.9 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 73 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED MAY 19

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.77 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RESERVE BANK INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 14th May 1937

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government *	10,69,09,000
(b) Banks	25,23,85,000
(c) Others	56,05,000
Bills Payable	13,49,000
Other Liabilities	32,07,000
	Rs. 46,94,55,000

* Includes £82,300 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	11,03,44,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	83,000
Rupee Coin	5,89,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,11,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	2,62,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	26,70,21,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	1,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,90,000
Investments	7,57,46,000
Other Assets	49,09,000
Rupees	46,94,55,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ending on the 14th day of May 1937

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,04,27,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	193,77,65,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	1,86,64,000
Total Notes issued	206,68,56,000
Total Liabilities	206,68,56,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,58,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A	124,72,26,000
B. Rupee Coin	54,59,10,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	27,37,20,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	Nil
Total Assets	206,68,56,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 60.344 per cent.

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 19th May 1937, tenders to the amount of £20,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 26th May 1937 on the same conditions as previously announced.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 19

Wheat	25,820 cwts
Wheat	25,820 cwts.
Linseed	21,263 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	188 cwts.
Gingellyseed	403 cwts.
Poppyseed	193 cwts.
Groundnuts	1,601 cwts.
Castorseed	4,962 cwts.
Rice	15,552 cwts.
Myrabollams	6569 cwts.
Cottonseed	4,016 cwts.
Gram	1,903 cwts.
Joowar	1,153 cwts.
Barley	12 cwts.
Bajree	866 cwts.
Indian sugar	13,344 cwts.
Coal	2,234 tons.

Latest Weather Forecast

Liverpool, May 19

Cotton: Warm in entire Belt; no precipitation; weather very favourable. Daily Official U. S. Government forecast says: "Entire Belt partly cloudy."

(Continued from Col 7)

cases imitation jewellery; 43 cases envelopes; 85 cases iron wire nails; 205 gongees extracted cloves; 23 cases black forest clocks; 17 cases elec meters; 37 cases spring balance; 29 cases component parts of industrial machy; 47 cases glass beads; 498 drums mercury atlas flag oil; 45 cases bronze powder; 35 cases lamps cheaptin iron; 198 cases gablonz goods; 23 cases metal buttons; 40 casks lead acelate; 29 drums sulphide of sodium; 126 bales board not containing envelopes; 30 bags iron waste; 342 cases bolts and nuts; 20 cases iron nuts; 50 cases camphor powder; 220 bags broken tiles; 29 cases medicine harmless; 26 cases copper plates; 135 cases sewing machines; 25 cases slate pencils; 200 paper bags writings not containing envelopes; 67 drums bleaching powder; 346 pieces steel poles; 87 cases earthenware; 50 cases school slates; 53 cases heel tips; 45 cases batteries; 31 packages iron sheets; 153 packages iron rivets; 30 packages iron screws; 175 casks hyposulphide of soda; 1000 bags whitings; 90 bundles plywood; 78 reels hox boards; 31 cases portwine; 233 bundles yellow metal sheets; 125 bundles copper sheets; 316 bundles yellow metal circles.; 35 bags broken tiles; 135 bundles brass rods.

From Bremen: 163 rugs motor tpres; 40 rings solid tyres.; 59 bales motor lorry wheels; 1638 cases dyes dry; 225 kegs chemical product; 20 casks springs, 84 bales paper; 157 cases rivets; 15 cases padlocks; 250 drums hydrosulphate, 92 cases elect machinery; 56 barrels transformer's oil; 52 casks dyes paste; 109 cases bolts and nuts; 83 bales wrapping paper; 50 bundles copper sheets; 38 bundles iron flanges; 30 cases earthenware; 13 cases black forest clocks; 74 cases sewing machines; 20 kegs sodium chlorate; 60 cases iron screws; 480 cases panel pens; 43 cases insulated wire; 283 bales paper not containing envelopes; 26 bales sledge hammers; 147 coils galvd strand wire; 423 cases beer; 181 cases iron umbrella parts; 50 cases cycle parts; 17 cases toys; 280 bags glass bottles; 25 cases gelatine; 280 bgs broken tiles; 2780 bundles m s baling hoops; 100 cases cut tacks; 32 cases blue wire tacks; 212 bundles iron tubes; 263 bundles plywood.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 19

T M ss Subadar of 3397 reg tons, Captain H W Palmer arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Telicherry and Cannanore with passengers, timber and general cargo

F F Campbell ss Laganbank of 3418 reg tons Captain W T E Alexander arrived from Philadelphia via New York, St John, Algiers, Alexandria, Portsaid, Portsudan, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

O S K ss Fukuyo Maru of 3405 reg tons, Captain W Yano arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton and scrap iron.

B I S N ss Nirpura of 3647 reg tons, Captain T G Hodgkinson arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin and Marmagoa with general cargo

DEPARTURES

F F Campbell ss City of Auckland of 5288 reg tons, Captain H G Jenkins sailed for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta with local and same bottom cargo.

L Edwards ss Lindenfels of 5193 reg tons, Captain A Focke sailed for Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

L Edwards ss Japan of 3262 reg tons Captain S Parson sailed for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta with local and same bottom cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S and D ss Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Captain H Lennox sailed for rangoon with local cargo.

O S K ss Fukuyo Maru of 3405 reg tons, Captain W Yano sailed for Kobe via Singapore with local and same bottom cargo

T M ss Alavi of 2161 reg tons, Captain E L Gibbons sailed for Jeddah via Bhavnagar, Aden and Red Sea Ports with pilgrims local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Baroda of 1888 reg tons, Captain C J Fuller sailed for Basra via Mangrol, Okha Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

Scindia ss Jalaveera of 3089 reg tons Captain J V Griffiths sailed for Calcutta via Tuticorin, Colombo, Madras and Negapatam with local cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 19-5-37.

S S Vita (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports
S S Bankura (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports
S S Maloja (M M) for Australian Ports via Colombo.
S S City of Mandalay (K N) for Marseilles, Dunkerk, Antwerp via Karachi and Portsaid.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 19

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 City of Benares 6720 Karachi 22-5 K Nixon
2 Jalajyoti 2698 Rangoon 25-5 Scindia, S N
4 Clan Macphie 4114 Bhavnagar 24-5 J Finlay
7 Laganbank 3454 Colombo 21-5 F F Campbell
8 Hopetor 3099 N F 21-5 L Dreyfus
9 Mayebashi Maru 4227 Japan 21-5 N Y Kaisha
10 Glasgow Maru 4227 Japan 21-5 M M
11 City of Auckland 5288 Colombo 19-5 F F Campbell
12 Britannia 5281 Liverpool 20-5 Anchor Line Ltd.
13 Fukuyo Maru 3405 Penang 19-5 O S Kaisha
14 Celebes Maru 4262 Japan 23-5 O S Kaisha
15 Mauly 3418 Trieste 20-5 L Triestino
16 Aida Lauro 2760 Port Said for orders 19-5 Ralli Bros.
17 Marionga D Thermiotis 2917 Antwerp 20-5 K Nixon

VICTORIA DUCK

1 Jalaveera 3089 Calcutta 19-5 Scindia S N
2 Goalpara 3216 Rangoon 23-5 M M
3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 19-5 M M
4 Varsova 1955 Busra 20-5 M M
5 Hashemi 298 M Coast 22-5 S Hassum
8 Jalaganga 3080 N F, 20-5 Scindia S N
9 Lalita 283 Malabar Coast 20-5 Malabar Steamship

PRINCES DOCK

O/R Subadar 3397 Bhavnagar 22-5 T Morrison
D/E Hatimura 4158 N F, 19-5 M M
F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 19-5 T Morrison
G Sophie Marie 677 Karachi 20-5 Merchants N
M Bankura 189, N F 26-5 M M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Bhutan 22-5-37 M M
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O
Maloja 20-5 P and O

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Castalia 26-5-37 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Aagtekerk 23-5-37 L Edward

FROM NEW YORK

City of Auckland 16-5-37 F F Campbell
Langbank 22-5-37 F F Campbell
Montgomery City 19-5-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tokushima Maru 18-5-37 N Y
Mayebashi Maru 18-5-37 N Y K
Celebes Maru 17-5-37 N Y K
Ginyo Maru 30-5-37 N Y K
Victoria Maru 25-5-37 O S K
London Maru 24-5-37 O S K

FROM TRIESTE

Gloria Stella 18-5-37 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Foncalieri 17-5-37 I T

FROM BASRA

Jandra 20-5-37 M M
Varela 22-5-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Granfield 22-5-37 M M
Barmula 23-5-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

City of Mandalay 20-5-37 K N
Karanja 29-5-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Freuenfels 23-5-37 L Edward

FROM RANGOON

Nirpura 20-5-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 2-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Ranpura 29-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Graham Trading

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 20-5-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
Langbank 19-5-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 11-6-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Celebes Maru 23-5-37 O S K
Monte Bian Camano 27-5 L Triestino
Mantai Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 26-5-37 O S K

FOR BASRA

Jankura 26-5-37 M M
Baroda 19-5-37 M M
Varsova 20-5-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Varrea 26-5-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 18-5-37 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Celebes Maru 22-5-37 O S K

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S President Polk (boats American cotton) 18-5-37
S S Jalaganga 18-5-37
S S Japan 18-5-37
S S Goalpara 18-5-37
S S Hatimura 19-5-37

EXPORT

S S City of Benares for Liverpool: 250 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 41 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla; 100 bales hemp raw K J Kapadia; 17 bales wool raw Meyer Nissim.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 25 bales wool raw Lae and Muirhead; 333 bales grey cotton piecegoods A Virji; 92 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 50 bales cotton fly L O Vora

For Glasgow: 107 bags kang grain S M Rajgor.

For Marseilles: 50 bags gum E Mavji.

S S Mauly for Trieste: 360 bales cotton raw A H Diab; 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Venice: 125 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

S S Mayebashi Maru for Kobe: 300 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 200 bales cotton raw G Dossa; 300 bales cotton raw Langley; 900 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 250 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Osaka: 400 bales cotton raw Langley; 250 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Yokkaichi: 500 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Glasgow Maru for Kobe: 100 bs cotton raw S R Tulshan; 100 bales cotton raw N Futehally

For Yokkaichi: 200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 150 bales cotton raw K Devchand

S S Celebes Maru for Kobe: 625 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 135 bales cotton raw A Chunilal; 200 bales cotton raw N Futehally; 100 bales cotton B Factories; 1200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton rak T M Kaisha

S S City of Mandalay for Marseilles: 124 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros

For Ghent: 165 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 155 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Antwerp: 110 bales cotton raw A Podar; 1550 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Dunkirk: 440 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 120 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Hopetor for Portsaid: 7680 bags cottonseed Ralli Bros; 2800 bags ground nut oil cakes L Dreyfus

S S Maloja for Sydney: 591 bags linseed O Mishrilal; 84 bales cotton twist waste Jani and Co.

For Auckland: 116 bags kang grain F Gokalchand

IMPORTS

S S Yoshida Maru, Agents N Y Kaisha from Singapore: 2562 bags betelnuts; 3433 bags sago flour; 95 bundles rattan; 22 bundles galangal; 18 cases rubber goods; 285 bundles pine apples; 13 bundles sandalwood; 20 bags damar batu.

From Colombo: 600 bags copra

From Yokohama: 595 drums bleaching powder; 113 cases brass stripe; 486 coils transmission conductor; 58 cases electric fans; 46 cases ceiling fans.

From Tokyo: 30 cases toys; 35 bundles lion dentifrice.

From Nagoya: 25 bales cotton yarn; 25 bales grased cotton yarn; 100 cases wall clocks; 50 cases chalk; 148 cases glassware; 131 cases porcelainware;

From Osaka: 25 cases white cotton shirting; 21 cases rubber belting; 35 cases art silk yarn; 25 cases white cotton yarn; 25 cases white mercerised cotton yarn; 51 cases porcelainware; 57 cases glass bangles; 313 cases glassware; 70 cases glass bottles; 12 cases imitation golden leaf; 26 barreis mallerable iron pipe fittings; 800 kegs nippon white zinc paint; 23 cases ball bearing plummer blocks; 20 cases grey cotton yarn; 25 cases rayon yarn; 50 cases mixed spun silk rayon yarn; 30 cases spun rayon yarn; 100 cases mercerised bleached cotton yarn; 35 cases tin mechanical toy; 22 cases celluloid goods; 375 cts gald plain iron sheets; 600 casks coal pitch; 109 cases brass bars; 500 bundles stone powder; 30 bags shoe material;.

From Kobe: 73 cases cotton and rayon mixed piecegoods; 17 cases auto parts; 28 cases cotton piecegoods; 21 cases glassware; 111 casks tallow; 78 cases rubber hose; 285 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirting; 28 cases cotton and art silk mixed yarn; 150 bales straw board; 101 cases rayon piecegoods.

From Moji: 266 drums aniline dye; 76 bales auto tire; 50 drums calcium carbide; 240 cases empty glass bottles.

From Fusan: 30 cases porcelainware.

From Los Angeles: 1000 bales high density compressed cotton.

S S Wolfsburg, Agents L Edwards from Hamburg: 75 rugs motor tyres; 24 cases spare parts for standard expeller; 23 cases printing ink; 21 casks antimony salt; 85 cases padlocks; 106 cases glass bottles; 53 cases glassware; 183 cases hardware and cutlery; 52 cases globes; 48 cases machinery; 54 cases cycle parts; 40 casks litharg powder; 36 drums magnasium chloride; 140 bundles hurricane lanterns; 20 dms caustic potash; 60 kegs chlorate of potash; 1854 bales paper not containing envelopes; 15 bales chinese blue; 132 bales clove stems; 32 cases insulating wire; 119 drums caustic soda; 24 cases lamp parts; 48 cases mallecuble iron flanges; 1039 cases glass bangles; 38

(Continued in Col 5)

FOREIGN COTTON MARKETS

New York Cotton Advanced By Seventeen Points

Bombay, May 19.

A brighter sentiment was in evidence on all the American trading centres on Tuesday. This was due to the reports regarding the Senate Judiciary Committee's vote against reform plan for the Supreme Court. The cotton markets which presented a dull and inactive attitude during the initial period abruptly turned active and advanced steadily on active buying by disappointed bears and speculators. The firmness of the Stock Exchange and a sharp advance on the Chicago Grain market coupled with the healthier technical position accelerated the rising tendency with prices finally closing at a rise of 11 to 17 points.

The New Farm Bill which is being backed by Agricultural Secretary Mr. Wallace and the scope of which exceeds the invalidated A.A.A. it is uncertain whether President Roosevelt will extend his support for the same or not.

The Chicago Grain Exchange presented a firm front throughout the session and prices effected a sharp rise of 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 cents per bushel for Wheat. Builish foreign and domestic crop news, tightness of near months and private estimates predicting a thirty million reduction in crop were the chief factors that created a bullish sentiment.

The Stock Exchange which ruled dull during the initial period effected a late rally on Senate Judiciary Committee's vote against court plan.

The New York cotton market opened quiet, October contract standing at 12.45 showing a loss of two points from the last close. The opening level is also recorded as the lowest touched during the day. Less encouraging Liverpool advices and small liquidating orders caused the opening weakness.

But later, however, market became active and prices continued to advance steadily on improved buying of a general character. The rejection of Presi-

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Bombay, May 19.

Eastern: Generally fair.
Central: Partly cloudy and warmer.
Western: Partly cloudy.

dent Roosevelt's plan for court reform, the firmness of the Securities and a sharp rise in Chicago Grains stimulated buying activity on the part of bears and speculators. The firm technical position of the market helped the upward trend. Besides, selling pressure was considerably diminished. In consequence, the rate for October continued its upward trend. Though a partial reaction was witnessed at the high level owing to realising, buying preponderated and market closed at the highest for the day. October contract advanced to 12.64 plus 17. For the rest of the day, the advanced level was well maintained. Market finally closed with October standing at 12.64 plus 17. Spot rate finished at 13.27 plus 11.

The New Orleans market also ruled active in sympathy with the strength of New York futures. July and October contracts closed at 12.66 plus 13 and 12.63 plus 18. Spot rate finished at 13.06 plus 13.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

The Liverpool cotton market opened as expected, October contract standing at a small loss of one points to 6.96. The opening level is also registered as the highest touched during the day. The market witnessed straddle reversing on the part of Bombay interests and moderate buying of an investment character at the outset.

This was, however, soon countered by liquidation and local selling influenced by reports of continued favourable weather and good crop progress. The rate gradually declined to 6.91—06 the lowest for the day.

But from this stage, it again improved on short covering and trade calling influenced by the encouraging advices from New York. October contract finally closed at the opening level i.e. 6.96—01. The spot rate closed at 7.15 plus 03.

EAST INDIAN.

East Indian market acted fairly well, both May and July contracts closing at 5.93 plus 05.

EGYPTIAN.

Tendency was decidedly downward. Sakel May 10.32—08, Upper May 9.05—11.

ALEXANDRIAN.

Lack of support and renewed liquidation caused a sharp decline in prices. Sakel May 17.79—07, Upper June 16.99—44.

PRIVATE CABLES.—

New York October Highest (2-32 p.m.) 12.64 plus 17
New York October Lowest (10-0 a.m.) 12.45 —02
Liverpool October Highest 696—.01
Liverpool October Lowest 6.91—.06

Telegraphic Advices:—

The following cable advices have been received by the undermentioned firms from their foreign friends.—

Messrs. Patel Bros:—

New York:—Local buying, better Securities and Grain market.

New York:—No marked change since last week in trade situation or crop outlook. Inclined expect trading market until fresh incentive provided.

New York:—Disappointed bears principal buyers. Think it is a good time to sell around present level with a view to sell more if market advances.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd.

New York:—Technical asserted following upturn outside markets incident Senate Judiciary Committee's rejection of reform plan for supreme court.

New York.—All markets advanced following Senate Committee vote against Court Plan.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee.—

New York:—No pressure to sell, notwithstanding weather continues favourable. Slightly better demand from local speculators due to strength Wheat Securities. One conservative member Supreme Court retiring 2nd June.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 18.

July	12.77 plus 11
October	12.64 plus 17
December	12.62 plus 16
January	12.64 plus 16
March	12.70 plus 15
Middling Spot	13.27 plus 11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 18.

July	12.66 plus 13
October	12.63 plus 18
December	12.74 plus 19
Middling Spot	13.06 plus 13
11 a.m. Ranges.—	
July	12.66/12.66
October	12.50/12.50
December	12.48/12.48
Noon Call.—	
July	12.71
October	12.56
December	12.53

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 18.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	5,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	12,000
Day's Exports to China & Japan	9,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

May	6.99 —1
June	7.00 —1
July	7.02 —1
August	7.00 —1
September	6.98
October	6.96 —1
November	6.92
December	6.92
January	6.92
February	6.92
March	6.93
April	6.93
Middling Spot	7.15 plus 3
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
July	6.99
October	6.94

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

June	10.42
July	10.42
September	10.27
F .G.F. Spot	10.81

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 18.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.92
Fine (Good staple)	6.07
Superfine (Good staple)	6.22
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.82
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.97
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.12
BENGAL.—	
Good	4.96
Fully Good	5.08
Fine	5.21

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 18.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102 1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 7/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£118 1/2
National Bank of India	£41 7/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 18.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May/June sellers	45
Wheat Barletta Russo May/June sellers	45
Wheat South Australian June sellers	46/3

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 18.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribber per lb. sellers	10 1/8

LONDON SEEDS.

London, May 18.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I.F. May/June sellers	£13/3/9
Linseed Calcutta London C.I. F. May/June sellers	£14/15/0
Linseed Bombay London S. I. F. May/June sellers	£15/15/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C. I. F. May/June sellers	£15/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. May/June sellers	£14/5/0

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 18.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.94.37
Paris	110.41
Berlin	12.29 3/4
Madrid	85.75
Amsterdam	8.99 1/8
Brussels	29.34 3/4
Milan	93.92
Berne	21.64 3/4
Prague	141.87

LINSEED OIL

London, May 18.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. June sellers	29/4 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Sept-Dec. paid sellers	29/4 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, May 18.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9 1/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 19.

Following a rise of 17 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 237/8 for Broach July August delivery and declined to Rs. 236/12 on selling by offices. Later on Liverpool was due to open 7 up but the market opened 8 up. On buying by professional operators market went up and closed firm at 5 p.m. as under:

Broach A/M	232	8	0
Broach J/A	237	8	0
New Broach A/M	243	4	0
Oomra May	224	0	0
Oomra July	226	0	0
New Oomra D/J	221	8	0
Bengal May	197	0	0
Bengal July	197	4	0
New Bengal D/J	186	0	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 19

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	206	203	200		197
Punjab	206	203	200		197
Oomra No. 3	231	228	225	222	
C P No. 1	244	241	238	235	
C P No. 2	235	232	229	226	
Broach No. 2		239	237	234	231
Punjab Ame		247	245	242	239
Surat		298	296	293	290
Rajpipla		293	291	288	285
Navsari		308	306	303	300

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 19

Bengal Supertine	206/208
Bengal Fine	202/204
C P 1	231/33
C P 2	225/27
Arvi	225/27
Ellichpur	221/25
Berar	218/23
Khamgaon	218/23
Mulkapur	218/21
Khandesh	213/18
Jalna Sailu	213/18
Burwah Sanavad	218/21
Mathia	188/93
Broach Fine	232/38
Punjab American	232/42
Punjab 289F	302/12
Jagadia Ankleshwar	282/85
Surat	285/90
Navsari	300/05
Kampala	412/15

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, May 19

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	Since 1st Sept. This year
Khandesh		204,250
Central India	65	323,656
Barsi and Nagar	12	169,598
Hyderabad Gaorani	435	97,691
Berar	513	556,923
Central Provinces		112,211
Total Oomras	1,025	1,463,329
Dholera	1,222	105,116
N W Provinces		9,463
Rajputana	53	85,754
Sind Punjab	1,060	318,662
Broach	1,191	317,919
Coompta and Dharwar	607	45,751
Westerns Northersn	169	32,473
Cocoanada		141
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		9,770
Persian		14
American		10,932
Egyptian and African		307,917
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	5,327	2,707,263

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 13th May

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	9	385,996
Japan and China	12,600	1,127,506
Coast Ports	150	27,046
Up-country by Rail		206,358
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		37,023
Total	12,759	1,783,929

Cotton Arrivals

Bombay, May 19.

Receipts into Bombay on 16th/17th May	6,324
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,701,936
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,557,294
Increase	144,642

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

July 219, Oct. 219 at Cross Rate 4.94 7/16.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach April/May 1937 Expected—Liverpool May Expected Rs. 75 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Broach July/Aug. 1937 Expected—Liverpool July Expected Rs. 70 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Broach April/May 1938 Expected—Liverpool May Expected Rs. 61 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach July/Aug. 1937 Expected—New York July Closing Rs. 49 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.94 7/16.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 18

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 230; Highest 230 1/2; Lowest 229 3/4; Closing 230.

Broach July/Aug. Op. 235 1/2; Highest 235 1/2; Lowest 235; Closing 235 1/4

Broach A/M. 1938 Op. 241; Highest 241 1/2; Lowest 240 3/4; Closing 241.

Oomra May Op. 221 1/4; Highest 221 1/2; Lowest 221; Closing 221.

Oomra July Op. 223; Highest 223; Lowest 223; Closing 223.

Oomra D/J. Op. 219 1/4; Highest 219 1/4; Lowest 219 1/4; Closing 219 1/4.

Bengal May Op. 197 1/4; Highest 197 1/4; Lowest 196; Closing 196.

Bengal July Op. 197; Highest 197; Lowest 196 1/4; Closing 196 1/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 183 1/4; Highest 183 1/2; Lowest 183 1/4; Closing 183 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-5-37) Rs. 2 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-6-37) Rs. 8 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (30-6-37) Rs. 10 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 30 1/2.

BULLION MARKET

Silver Quiet

Bombay, May 19.

Trading on the local silver market continued to be quiet and uninteresting owing to absence of appreciable movement in foreign Metal Exchanges and the consequent lack of speculative element. Operations were totally of a colourless character with practically no movements in prices.

Spot rate in the London market was fixed on Tuesday at unchanged rate while Forward received by 1/16d. per ounce. Montreal futures closed unchanged to five points down while New York Metal Exchange declined by 1/8c.

In the local market, Vaishak vaida opened quiet at Rs. 53 and thereafter moved within a narrow range of one anna. During the first part of the session, nothing worth the note transpired. As no support was forthcoming, the rate later stood at 52/15/6. But absence of selling was also a noticeable feature. At 1-30 p.m. the rate as under:—

SILVER.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	52 14 6
Vaishak	52 15 6
Jyestha	53 2 0

QUIET BUT STEADY TONE IN GOLD

On Tuesday afternoon local gold prices made a fair advance on renewed buying. The market was enlivened by the reappearance of Banks as buyers. This morning, however, a quiet but steady tone prevailed. The rate for Vaishak vaida stood at Rs. 34/7/9 at the opening. Scattered buying appeared with the rate improving by about half an anna, but as there was no continued support it again receded and later stood at Rs. 34/7/6. At 1-30 p.m. market stood as under:—

GOLD.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	34 8 6
Vaishak	34 7 6
Jyestha	34 4 6

Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 18

May	45.20 —05
July	45.05
September	45.15

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 18.

Spot	20 3/8
Forward	20 7/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 18.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7-0-5 1/2

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 19

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£63-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£58-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£66-0-0
Bombay market quotations—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 42-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 57-8-0
Tone: Firm.	

LONDON METALS

London, May 18.

Copper	£58 0 0
Spelter	£22 16 3
Lead	£22 17 6
Tin	£245 7 6

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 19.

The local market was steady. Foreign advices were good and improvement in Raw Cotton prices restricted selling. It is generally believed that Europe will come forward to buy at the lower level in the market.

	Rs. a. p.
LINSEED May	8 6 6
Linseed September	8 9 3
Wheat May	5 11 9
Wheat September	5 12 9

Groundnuts Coromandel

London, May 18

June	£14 2 6

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 19

Groundnuts May—	
Opening	41 2 0
Highest	41 8 0
Lowest	41 0 0
Closing	41 8 0
Groundnuts August—	
Opening	42 14 0
Highest	42 14 6
Lowest	42 10 3
Closing	42 12 9
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	35 6 0
Highest	35 6 0
Lowest	35 5 0
Closing	35 5 6
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	37 8 0
Highest	37 8 0
Lowest	37 6 0
Closing	37 7 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	20 4 0
Highest	20 4 0
Lowest	20 3 0
Closing	20 4 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	21 9 3
Highest	21 9 6
Lowest	21 8 0
Closing	21 8 9

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, May 18

May	15.99
June	16.09

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 19

	Rs. a. p.
Ready Javas	14 2 0
Shipment May June	5 2 0
Shipment July September	5 0 0
Shipment October December	5 0 0
Kesar	10 15 0
Saraya	10 7 0
Java Spot	F 5.72 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 99/12
3 per cent 1951/54 101/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 102/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 105/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 106/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 117/10
5 per cent U P Bonds 97
5 per cent 1939/44 105/6
5 per cent 1940/43 106/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 104/14

TAX FREES

3 per cent 1945/55 119/7
3 per cent 1953/63 111/8
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 104/12
4 per cent 1935 Mysore 123

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 106/8
5 per cent M Deb 1949 117
5 per cent 1954 129
6 per cent K P T 1956 129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 94/8 declined to Rs. 94/7/6 but closed firm at Rs. 94/10.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 19.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Banks's selling I I D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK:—
B C Rate T T 271
Bank's selling T T 269
Bank's buying T T 267

PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 826
Bank's buying T T 841

JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 67 3/8

JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/8

HUNGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 83 1/8

SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 81 1/8

SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN:—
Bank's selling D D 91 1/2

CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.94 3/8 18th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 19th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 19th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/2 19th instant
Java/London 8.96 7/8 19th instant.
London/Paris 110.41 18th instant.
London/Belgium 29.34 3/4 18th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.64 3/4 18th instant.
London/Berlin 12.29 3/4 18th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 18th instant.
London/New York 4.94 3/8 18th instant.
London/Amsterdam 8.99 1/8 18th instant.
London/Italy 93.97 18th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near steady forward.
Gold closed 17th instant.
Gold £7-0-5 1/2 18th instant.
Silver London Ready closed 17th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 3/8 18th instant.
Silver London Forward closed 17th instant.
Silver London Forward 20 7/16 18th instant.
Silver New York Ready closed 17th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 18th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 17th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 18th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 17th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 18th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY:—
Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady

Indian Sterling Loans

London, May 18.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	90 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103
4 per cent 1948/53	106 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	112 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102 1/8

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 18.

T T London on New York Opening	4.94.40
T T London on New York Closing	4.94.37
T T London on Paris Opening	110.25
T T London on Paris Closing	110.41

New York May 18.

T T New York on London Previous Closing	4.94 1/2
T T New York on London Opening	4.94 7/16
T T New York on London at the time of New York Cotton Closing	4.94 7/16

Liverpool, May 18.

Liverpool Cotton, Opening October	6.96
Liverpool Cotton Closing October	6.96

New York, May 18.

New York Cotton Opening October	12.45
New York Cotton Closing October	12.64
Liverpool Wheat Closing May (Broach, Expectation)—	114
April/May	Rs. 232
July/Aug.	Rs. 237
April/May	Rs. 243
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	£90 1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, May 18.

London Discount Rate was unchanged.

Sudden Drop In Cement Shares

Sequel To Notice Issued By Board To Stop Forward Trading

BOMBAY: May 19.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day. There was a sudden drop in Cement shares due to the notice issued by the Cement Board for closing down the forward trading in these sections from the next settlement.

This led to nervous unloading and prices declined, but later on short covering raised the prices Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened steady and advanced on short covering. For some time the market grinded at this level, but selling by Jobbers declined the market.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,495 and advanced to Rs. 1,522, but later on, prices declined to Rs. 1,485.

Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 329 and closed at Rs. 327.

Indian Cement shares which were an important feature of the day, opened to-day at Rs. 532 and declined to Rs. 495. At this level short covering rallied the prices to Rs. 513.

Shahabad Cement also declined to Rs. 492, but later on recovered.

Hydro-Electric and Mill Sections were easy.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 19.

		Rs. as.
100	Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	296 4
250	BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	877-8
100	CENTURY	185 10
100	CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3) XD	272 8
100	COLABA (nil)	183 12
100	Coorla	107 8
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn (Rs. 10)	375 0
1	E.D. Sassoon (nil)	0-9-0
100	Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	135 0
100	GOKAK	203 12
1000	Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725 0
100	Indore	51 4
100	Khatau (Rs. 2)	82 8
100	KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	309 5
250	Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	575 0
250	Madras United	11 0
1,000	Morarji (nil)	1,100 0
250	Model	56 4
50	MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118 12
200	NEW GREAT (nil)	236 4
100	Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	51 0
100	Phoenix (10)	312 8
25	SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77 8
1000	Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,300 0
50	SIMLEX (Rs. 1-8)	90 10
100	SWADESHI (Rs. 5-0) XD	238 12
100	Swan (nil)	103 12
500	Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300 0
1000	Western	805 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109 4
25-50	Central (As. 12)	33 12
500	Imperial	1525 0
125-500	I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375 0
50-100	Indian (Rs. 2-8)	138 0
100	Reserve Bank	129 8
5	Union (As. 4)	5 10

CEMENTS

100	Associated	162 0
10	BUNDI (As. 10)	39 8
100	Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221 4
70	Gwalior (Rs. 4)	131 4
160	INDIAN (Rs. 24)	512 8
40	Katni Def (Rs. 83-8-9)	2322 8
100	KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	391 4
75	Okha (Rs. 7)	397 8
10	PUNJAB (As. 12)	29 4
100	SHAHABAD (As. 14)	502 8
70	United	165-0

INSURANCE.

80-500	Empire (Rs. 14)	1035 0
15-100	Jupiter (As. 12)	15 0
15-75	New India (Rs. 1-4)	43 8
20	Mercantile	55 0
200	Oriental (125)	5,470 0
10-50	Vulcan (As. 8)	7 11

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old (6)	170 0
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1,672 8
10	Ajmer (Rs. 4)	14 0
50	B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151 14
100	Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10	Broach	14 4
100	Karachi (4)	267 8
100	Poona (4)	285 0
100	Surat (Rs 6)	208 12
100	TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	180 0
1000	TATA POWER (Rs. 22-8)	1,497 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	910 0
100	C. Province	94 12
100	Dhond Baramati	102 0
100	Gujarat	93 8
100	Mandra Bhon	97 4
100	Pachora Jamner	97 0
100	Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500	Tapti Valley	768 12

MININGS

10	SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	64 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1,495 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	329 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	ALCOCK (Rs. 5) XD	302 8
50	B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	165 10
200	B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250	BOM. STEAM (Rs. 16)	281 4
125	B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	725 0
50	Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	236 4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-13-3
50	B TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	116 0
9	Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11 8
2sh.	Indian Copper	3 6
10	Indian I. and Steel	XD 44 8
100	I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	132 8
50	I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	49 0
100	I. Radio Defd (12)	810 0
100	I. Radio Ord (15)	530 0
1000	Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616 8
15	Scindia	26 14
30	PREMIER CON	94 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 19.

Century (185/10) 186 185
Bom. Dyeing (871/4) 877 881 873 877
Kohinoor (308/2) 310 308 309
Central India (270) 271 273 272 271 272
New Great (232/8) 232 236
Simplex (90) 91 90
Swadeshi (240) 241 238
Bundi (40) 40 38/12 39 39/12 39/8
I. Cement (540) 532 515 497 513 512 517 512
Punjab (30) 29/12 29/4
Shahabad (510) 506 507 495 502
Andhra (1665) 16'0 1672
Tata Hydro (180/10) 180
Tata Power (1505) 1505 1497
Tram. Ord. 151/9) 151/9 151/14
T. Steel Dfd. (1480) 1495 1485 1495 1522 1480 1497 1495
T. Steel Ord. (326) 329 328 331 330/8 329/8 329
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (177/12) 177/12 177/4
Bellapur (168/12) 168 165
B. Steam (282/8) 280 281
B. Burma (717/8) 721 726 723 730 725

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 18.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Del.
Ame. Power and Light Com.	8
Ame. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	48
Ame. Forn. Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	45
Electric Power and Light	16
Electric P. and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	63
Columbia Gas	12
United Power and Light	6
American Tel. and Tel.	162 1/2
Western Union Telg.	58
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	32
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	58
Great North Pfd. Rly.	55
New York Central Rly.	46
Pennsylvania Rly.	43
Southern Pacific Rly.	56
Northern S. Power A	23
R. C. A.	9
Bethelehem Steel	80
Republican Steel	34
United States Steel	93
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	15
Anaconda Copper Mining	50
Int. Nickel of Canada	58 1/2
Thompson Products	25
Chrysler	111
General Motors	56 1/4
Packard Motor	9
General Eelectric	51 1/2
Consolidated Oil	15
Socony	18 1/4
Chase Bank	51
National City Bank	45
Sun Life of Canada	660
United Gas Corp.	9
Youngstown Sheet	32
Amerex	27 3/4
Kennecott Copper	54
United S. Smelting	32
Acme Steel	74

Sharp rally on defeat in committee of Supreme Court Plan. It looks more like a real rally and may run further. Turnover 1 1/4 million shares. Republic Iron and Steel Co., and Youngston Sheet and Tube Co., threatened with Strike unless labour demands met; both announce to-day complete close-down if strike declared. Believe situation specially benificial to United States Steel Corp. as existing arrangements with labour will not be terminated until next February. Kennecott Copper has declared a dividend of dol 1/2 share and extra dividend of 25 cents, ex dividend on 3rd June.

25	Tata Oil (nil)	25 0
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1510 0
6	p.c. Bombay Seam	300 0
7	p.c Bom Tram (TF)	82 4
5	p.c Centra India (T.F.)	537 8
7	p.c Katni 1st	136 4
7	p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7½	p.c Punjab Cement	15 0
6-1/4	p.c Prem Const 1st	104 8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 0
7	p.c Tata Hydro	150 0
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1515 0
6	p.c Tata Steel 1st	200 0
7½	p.c Tata Steel 2nd	177 4
7	p.c Vishnu	692 8
	DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6	p.c Andhra Valley	110 0
4	p.c. Bom Telephone	51 8
7	p.c Sholapur	80 12
8	p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
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J8

Terrific Bomb Explosion In Patna

Four Persons Arrested Sequel To Searches In City

PATNA: May 19.

A terrific bomb explosion occurred last night in Patna City resulting in serious injuries to a boy, named Rajendra Prasad of Kadamkuan Mohalla and Sheo Prasad, an old political convict, who had been released last year, after undergoing three years' imprisonment in the City Bomb Case.

Both were removed to hospital in an unconscious state.

It is stated that Rajendra was admitted in General Hospital at 10 last night with serious injuries all over the body. Being informed by the hospital authorities, the Head of the C.I.D., the Superintendent of Police and a number of police hurried to the hospital.

After examining Rajendra they made strenuous search in the city and found Sheo Prasad lying in his house at Dewan Mahalla in an unconscious state, with serious injuries all over the body.

The exact place of the explosion has not yet been ascertained, but enquiries made during the night reveal that the sound of the explosion was heard after dusk in the Mithan Ghat locality on the bank of the Ganges.

About a dozen houses in the city and Kadamkuan Mohalla were searched but nothing incriminating is reported to have been found anywhere. Four persons have been arrested.

PLIGHT OF VICTIM

PATNA, May 19.

Further enquiries made by the United Press in connection with the Bomb Explosion incident of last night in Patna city reveal that Rajendra Prasad, Sheonandan, the injured youngmen were found together at Mitanghat, on the Ganges bank, and they were preparing bombs. A loud explosion was heard by the people there when the bomb burst, both of them receiving serious injuries. The injured were removed to their respective houses.

As already reported Rajendra Prasad gave a clue to the incident after admission to the General hospital. In the meanwhile Sheonandan's brother informed the police that his brother was lying unconscious in his house. Thereupon the police proceeded there and removed him to the city hospital.

PLIGHT OF VICTIM.

Sheonandan, besides receiving severe injuries, is stated to have lost his eye sight. There is little chance of his surviving. Rajendra Prasad's left palm was amputated.

It will be recalled that Sheonandan three years ago was found loitering with a bomb near Gulzarbaug Railway Station for which he was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment. He was released last year. At Mitanghat profuse blood marks were noticed on the bricks and mud this morning.—United Press.

SEVERAL HOUSES SEARCHED.

Several house searches were made including those of Harinarain and Deokinandan, the accused in Khajakalan bomb case, who were released only the other day. After his release, Harinarain went to Delhi and is staying there.

THREE PERSONS ARRESTED.

But Deokinandan was arrested. Raghulal, a bus conductor, was also arrested at Kadankhan.

In the course of a search in the house of Rajendra Prasad, the injured youngman, one Satyanarain Singh was taken to custody.

More arrests are expected to be made in this connection.—United Press.

Crowds Watch Royal Procession

General view from building in Cockspur Street showing the Royal coach passing through Trafalgar Square in the Coronation procession returning from Westminster Abbey to Buckingham Palace.

TRAVANCORE LEGISLATURES

Ruler To Address Joint Session Of Both Houses

TRIVANDRUM, May 19.

It is understood that a message from the Maharaja of Travancore will be read at the joint session of the new Houses of Travancore Legislature to be held on June 21 when the Houses will also be addressed by the Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar.

The lower house, namely, the Travancore Legislative Assembly, meets on that morning for swearing in of the members and the upper house, Sri Chitra State Council, meets for the same purpose and transaction of certain other business about noon.

The joint session of both Houses will be held in the afternoon for receiving the message from the Maharaja and listening to the address by the Dewan.

This will be the first sitting of the new Houses of Travancore Legislature after general election. The Assembly will meet on June 22 for the election of Deputy President.

Important developments with regard to the future of sugar distillery and pharmaceutical and chemical industries in Travancore are expected, following a conference held between the Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, Sir William Wright well-known business magnate from Madras, head of several departments of the Travancore Government and some prominent businessmen. Final conclusions are expected to be reached in the course of a month.

It is understood that Dr. D. S. Hatch, director in rural Reconstruction to the Council of L.M.C.A. in India, Burma and Ceylon and District Secretary, Y. M. C. A. in Travancore and Cochin will represent Travancore at the forthcoming International Hygiene Conference in Java.—A. P.

PUNJAB PRIME MINISTER ON DEADLOCK

Assurance Would Reduce Minorities To Position Of Political Shudras

SIMLA: May 19.

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier of the Punjab replying to an address presented by the Khatri Conference dealt at length with the constitutional impasse and said that in spite of its limitations the new constitution implied transfer of power to Government responsible to the people of the province. "There is no opportunity for interference by the Governors as long as the administration by ministers does not lead to a course of wanton destruction and bloodshed. It is to meet such eventualities that the special powers of the Governors find place in the Government of India Act.

I fail to understand the attitude of a section of my countrymen who are refusing to exercise their legitimate rights as a majority party. To an outsider their refusal to take office on the Assurance issue seems inexplicable, except on the ground that they either do not wish to see the new constitution successfully worked in any province or else are using it as a convenient pretext to avoid inconvenient issues vis-a-vis the electorate. No one will be happier than myself, if these conjectures turn out to be incorrect and our Congress brethren even now decide in fairness to their constituents to come forward and shoulder the responsibility which by all constitutional canons is theirs to bear. The suggestion that in the event of a conflict of views between a Governor and his ministers the use of special powers should be confined to dismissal of the ministry followed by an appeal to the electorate, shows a callous disregard of the interests and feelings of the minorities

This formula which was sponsored by Mahatma Gandhi and seems to have the approval of other prominent Congressmen and conceals a dangerous fallacy and if rigidly applied might conceivably result in relegating the minorities to a position of political shudras and state perpetual serfdom—the result of which I am sure Mahatma Gandhi does not intend or wish to produce. As long as this policy exists it is idle to blame the minorities for evencing their anxiety and resentment over the present domineering attitude of the Congress.

The recent statement of Acharya Kripalani, Congress Secretary, in answer to Mr. Jinnah's criticism of the Congress plan for roping in the Muslim masses surpasses all others for its arrogance and unveiled hostility to minority interests and cannot but add apprehensions to the minority communities regarding the treatment which they are likely to get from the majority party in provinces wherein Congress dominates.

If we were to look at the problem from a narrow parochial point of view my party and I should feel tempted to welcome this formula, which would give a free hand in dealing with the minorities in our own province, but fairplay and duty to our motherland dictate otherwise and in spite of provocation, which pronouncements of the type recently made by Acharya Kripalani not unnaturally offer to the majority community in our own province, we are determined to adhere unswervingly to the basic principle of our policy namely to give a fair deal to our brethren of the minority communities.

"It is our fixed conviction that if a majority party in the provincial legislature desires immunity from interference by the Governor for protection of minorities the only honourable course open to it is to try and arm itself with the goodwill and confidence of those communities in the provinces

Further I fail to understand how the dignity and prestige of ministers to which we all attach the utmost importance will be enhanced by their dismissal rather than voluntary resignation It is an insult to the ministers, representatives of the people, to suppose that they will not zealously guard their honour if and when necessity arises.

Red Books Banned

PATNA, May 19.

The Government of Bihar have proscribed the following communist literatures under section 4 of Press Act, 1931:—

(1) "To all Anti-Imperialist Fighters—Gathering Storm", printed pamphlet in English, beginning with the words, "The world is on the eve of mighty clashes", purporting to have been issued by the Central Committee, Communist Party of India.

(2) "Chandra Shekhar Azad, "Dowas"—Mirzapur Zila Communist Party-Ki appeal", leaflet in Hindi purporting to have been issued by the Mirzapur Communist Party.

(3) "Chandra Shekhar Azad ki Yad men" leaflet in Hindi purporting to have been issued by the Allahabad District Committee of the Indian Communist Party, a branch of the International.—United Press.

COPIES OF ADDRESS TO JAWAHAR SEIZED

RANGOON: May 19.

Apropos of an address presented to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru by Thakins Association, Rangoon, at the Tharrawaddy District Political Conference, which was addressed by Panditji, on May 11 at Leppadan, the C.I.D. with the aid of the police conducted a series of searches in the Association premises and seized certain copies of the address. But so far no arrests have been made.

The New Burma Office in Rangoon, where the address was printed was also searched. The houses of several members of the Association at Letpadan, Sitkwin and other places were similarly searched, wherefrom copies of the address and some other papers are reported to have been seized.—United Press.

REMOVE BAN ON FRONTIER CONGRESS

Independent M. L. A.'s Resolutions For N. W. F. Assembly

ABBOTABAD, May 19.

Mr. Peer Bakhsh (Independent) member of the Frontier Legislative Assembly has tabled 20 resolutions besides two bills. One of these resolutions recommends to the Government that the inhabitants of the province be allowed to keep shot-guns and swords free of licence. Other resolutions recommend the removal of restrictions on the Khaksar Movement, the Provincial Congress Committee and branches of the Naujawan Bharat Sabha and the withdrawal of notice served under the Tranquillity Act on Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Allama Inayatullah Mashraqi and others.

One of the resolutions urges a twenty-five per cent remission of land revenue in "Abiana" till there is an encouraging rise in the level of prices.—A.P.

POLITICAL ON HUNGER STRIKE

RANGOON, May 19.

Thakin Tungoo who was recently arrested on a charge of alleged sedition is reported to have gone on hunger-strike.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, Pagan, says another report, has issued an order prohibiting drills, demonstrations and meetings in local areas for a period of one month.—United Press.

DEMONSTRATE AGAINST FRONTIER POLICY

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

The members of the Muslim Conference held in Allahabad in a joint manifesto express their protest against the forward Frontier policy of the Government of India and concern over the happenings in Waziristan and appeal to Indians to hold demonstrations and public meetings throughout India on Friday May 23 to give expressions of their feelings on the question.—A. P.

Nominated To Central Assembly

MADRAS, May 19.

Rao Saheb N. Shivraj has been nominated member of the Central Legislative Assembly.—A.P

THESE 'INTERIM' MINISTERS!

Solicitude For Poor Farmers

(From Our Correspondent.)

AKOLA, May 17.

The Hon. Mr. Biyani had forwarded the resolutions of the Executive Committee of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee held on May 4th to the Finance Minister on the May 5th regarding the sales and attachments for the recovery of the arrears of land revenue. As no reply was received till May 10th the following telegram was sent to the Minister at Pachmarhi on the 10th.

"My letter of May 5th. One resolution relating sales of lands for recovery of land revenue demands immediate attention. Awaiting reply."

Our Minister did not care even to acknowledge the letter and the telegram, then what of issuing instructions to stop sales. The Hon. Mr. Biyani has again sent the following telegram to the Minister to-day.

"No reply my wire 10th Attachments being served Sales of lands proceeding Farmers' condition pitiable Immediate action necessary. Wire reply."

The telegram sent to-day is a reply paid telegram and let us wait and see what our 'interim' Ministers do in the matter for poor farmers, who have taken the ministry to carry on the King's Government.

DEWAS INVITATION TO AYURVEDA SAMMELAN

INDORE, May 19.

The Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) presided over the second day's sitting of the Central India Ayurveda Sammelan last night and distributed the medals and prizes. In his speech he assured the "Sammelan" of his fullest support for regeneration of Ayurveda and invited the next session of the Sammelan to Dewas. This has been accepted by the Sammelan. —A.P.

ITALIAN SHIP ON FIRE

Crew Bring Blaze Under Control

CALCUTTA, May 19.

The Italian steamship "Monte Piana" which left Calcutta for Italy yesterday morning, returned at night within 18 hours of the departure owing to the outbreak of a fire on board the ship while nearing Diamond Harbour.

The crew noticed smoke issuing from Hatch No. 3 stacked with jute. They combated the fire with commendable promptitude with the ship's fire-fighting appliances and brought it under control.

The vessel was taken back so that the fire might be completely extinguished.—United Press.

"RASAI" AND "LAPO" TO BE COMBATED

KARACHI, May 16.

Propaganda in the press, Government's warning against curruption in public services and speeches and pronouncements of leaders against bribery are having decided effect.

A beginning has been made by non-official agency in Thar Parkar district to educate Khatedars against the pernicious systems of corruption known as Rasai, Lapo and Chher. Government have from time to time issued orders strongly deprecating these evil practices. Local officials have uttered warnings to taluka officials and their staff to stop these evil practice. But these cannot be of much avail unless the root of the trouble is touched. This is now sought to be done by a non-official organisation in the shape of committees in each tluka of Mirpurkhas division to educate public opinion against these vicious practices.

The object of the agency are to go from village to village and educate the people to stop offering lapo and making rasai, to visit taluka office and headquarters during the last five days of land revenue collections and warn Khatedars not to give 'lapo' to 'tapedars'.

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